

# THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

Pledged to The Republican Policy of Reciprocity and Protection to American Industries, as Formulated in The Republican National Platform.

VOL. XVI.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1902.

NO. 3.

## PEOPLE THAT YOU KNOW

### WHAT THEY ARE DOING—WHERE THEY GO.

Interesting Items Gathered Here and There in Our Journeys About Town.

ELGIN, Ill., Sept. 15.—Butter firm at 22c; 50 tubs offered and no sales. Output for the week, 995,000 lbs. Butter last week, 20c; last year, 20c.

New clothing at Webb Bros.

New fall hats and caps at Webb Bros.

Joe. Cohn was a Chicago visitor Sunday.

J. C. James, Sr., and wife returned from Milwaukee Monday.

Call and see our line of \$1.50 and \$2.00 pants—Webb Bros.

Mrs. L. I. Turner, of Bluff Lake, was Chicago passenger Monday morning.

The Bristol Telephone company how have their line in operation to Kenosha.

J. C. James, Jr., went to Chicago Monday as delegate to the Democratic convention.

J. J. Burke, B. F. Van Patten and Chas. Kelly were transacting business in Chicago Friday and Saturday.

Deputy Treasurer Fred Ames, of Waukegan, visited over Sunday with his parents, Dr. and Mrs. Ames.

Charles Powles and family left on Tuesday for Union Grove where they will visit with his parents for a week.

Mrs. Joseph Williams, who has been spending the summer at Fort Dodge, Ia., returned to Antioch Tuesday.

For Sale—I have for sale five Shropshire bucks in good condition. Address Frank Hardin, Antioch, Ill. 2w2

Sibley and Pitman returned to Antioch Saturday with their families from Richmond, having finished their labors on the new church.

I am now prepared to bore tubular wells, 2 and 8 inch, on short notice. Prices reasonable. Address W. G. Hucker, Lake Villa, Ill. 32tf

Mr. and Mrs. H. Riggs, of LaFayette, Ind., arrived in Antioch Monday and are making a visit with Mrs. Riggs' mother at Lawndale Farm.

Mrs. Cram Blunt and Mrs. Robert Selter left on Tuesday for West Baden, Ind., where Mrs. Blunt will try the curative power of that famous resort.

Any one having slough hay for sale can find a ready market for same by applying to Esch Bros. & Rabe at the Loon Lake Ice house, Loon Lake, Ill. 52w5

Tony Burke, an employee of the Elgin Insane Asylum, arrived in Antioch Tuesday and will spend his vacation with relatives and friends in and about Antioch.

Charles Smith and wife and Mrs. P. Overton started for Iowa, Monday. Mr. Smith and wife will make a short visit to Fox Lake; G. Dean, Wilmet; John Hook, Grayslake; R. Loth, Camp Lake.

Bids were opened at the town hall Monday for hauling gravel for the new bridge at Channel, and Harry Smith's bid of 23 cents a yard being the lowest he was awarded the contract.

Contracts are let for the erection of the Pabst hotel and theater in Kenosha, which is to be built by the Pabst Brewing Co., of Milwaukee, and will be completed by the first of December.

If you are in the market for a house and lot in or around Antioch, or wish a purchase a farm, borrow money or make a loan, or in quest of desirable lake front property, call and see me as I have some attractive bargains. J. J. Burke, real estate and loans, Antioch, Ill. 32tf

At the Democratic convention of the 8th senatorial district held at the Sherman house, Chicago, Monday, Mr. William Desmond, of Hartland, McHenry county, was nominated on the second ballot, Boone county giving its strength to McHenry.

Write to Alden, Bidinger & Co., Waukegan, Ill., for prices and terms on new and used pianos and organs. See our display at Libertyville fair of Irving, Walworth and M. Schulz Co. pianos. Nothing better for the money anywhere. 40lf

One of the most enjoyable meetings of the Rebekah Social Club, was held Saturday evening at the home of J. H. Dales. The program consisted of games, recitations and readings, the most noticeable being recitations by Belle Hughes, and an original poem, "My Seven Lovers," by Mrs. N. Pullen, which proved to be her seven little grandsons. A splendid supper was served, and it was nearly midnight when the guests departed, all agreeing that Mr. and Mrs. Dales are royal entertainers. The next meeting will be Friday evening, September 26, at the home of W. Mullin, of Pikeville. A guest.

Driving gloves at Webb Bros.

R. C. Higgins was transacting business in Chicago Monday and Tuesday.

A full line of 50 cent fall underwear that can't be beat at Webb Bros.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Frank Wilton, Friday, Sept. 12, a baby boy.

Our line of 75 cent work pants are good for corn harvesting. Webb Bros.

Mrs. E. Richards, of Chicago, was calling on Antioch friends Friday and Saturday.

Low Gullidge left on Monday for Waukegan where he has secured a position in a barber shop.

Harvey Watson left on Wednesday for Chicago where he will begin a course of studies in a Pharmacy college.

Charles Thorn is now prepared to make cider at the old mill on Victoria street in Antioch. Bring on your apples.

Mr. James Swan and Miss Mattie Wright, of Libertyville, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Higgins over Sunday.

For Rent—A seven-room house, good well, good cellar and good cistern in village of Antioch. Inquire of R. J. Cubbin, Antioch. 38lf

The ladies of the Sand Lake Cemetery society will meet with Mrs. James King, Thursday afternoon, Sept. 25. Visitors welcome. Mrs. Fred Hucker, Sec.

We are informed that all cattle mortgage claims against the estate of Mrs. Grace Snell Coffin have been settled by Mr. Hammond, the recent purchaser of the summer home on Cross Lake.

Lost—Between the drug store and Thayer & Vicker's store an enamel and old rose class pin marked '02, Kenosha C. C. Finder will please leave same with Miss Maude Brogan, Antioch.

L. D. Rogers, A. M., M. D., registrar of the National Medical University and wife, I. N. Rogers, M. D., with their son, and Dr. Burmeister, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Sabin over Sunday.

Insure your life in the company that will pay you the largest profits on your investment. The New York Life leads all other companies in new business, as well as total insurance in force. It will pay you to investigate. W. T. Hill, agent. lf

At Chicago on Monday, Sept. 15, occurred the death of Mrs. Joseph Langley, mother of Mr. Harry Langley, of the Sylvan Beach hotel. Mrs. Langley was 67 years of age and had been ill some time. The funeral was held Wednesday and was attended by a number of Antioch friends. The News extends sympathy to the bereaved family.

Maurice A. Reichert, of Chicago, and James Wilton, of Antioch, have leased the Antioch opera house and will conduct a series of dances this winter, the first of which will be given Thursday evening, Sept. 25. The music will be furnished by Reichert's band, of Chicago, consisting of six pieces. Dance tickets 50c, supper 25c a person. The floor committee are: Wm. Hannan, Antioch; T. Graham, Long Lake; E. D. Martin, Millburn; J. Lane, Fox Lake; G. Dean, Wilmet; John Hook, Grayslake; R. Loth, Camp Lake.

Pikeville Creamery Burned.

Special Telephone to the News.

At 9:00 Wednesday morning fire was discovered in the Pikeville creamery, and despite the efforts on the part of the employees and others, it was burned to the ground. The property was owned by the Cornell Brothers and was insured in an old line company for between \$4,000 and \$4,500. The furniture in the house, which occupied part of the building, was saved as was also the butter on hand. This was the only creamery in that part of the town and will entail a hardship to the farmers who were its patrons. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Elgin Creamery Company is Declared Bankrupt.

The Elgin Creamery Company was adjudicated bankrupt by Judge Kobiasat. Claims against the company will be filed before Referee Frank Wean. The company has 10,000 creditors, mostly farmers, whose claims aggregate \$400,000. The proceedings against the company are brought in the interest of seventy-five of these creditors, having \$80,000 in claims.

Write to Alden, Bidinger & Co., Waukegan, Ill., for prices and terms on new and used pianos and organs. See our display at Libertyville fair of Irving, Walworth and M. Schulz Co. pianos. Nothing better for the money anywhere. 40lf

One of the acts of the Board of Supervisors at its present session was an increase of salaries of the county officials as follows: Judge from \$1200 to \$1500. Clerk from \$2000 to \$2300. Treasurer from \$1500 to \$1800. Sheriff from \$1000 to \$1200. The change goes into effect to benefit the officials elected at the coming election.

NOTICE.

Mrs. Nina Seymour wishes to announce to all Royal Neighbors that dues must be paid on time as she cannot carry any one over. Mrs. Nina Seymour, Recorder

## EXODUS FROM ZION CITY

### DOWIEITES ANXIOUS TO SELL PROPERTY

Fear of Cold Winter Induce Many of Elijah's Followers to Offer Land Cheap for Cash.

What is believed to be the beginning of an exodus from Zion City, Dowie's settlement on the north shore, was revealed when it became known that many who have purchased property there are anxious to dispose of it.

Advertisements offering for sale a score of lots, many of them improved, were distributed during the Dowie meeting in the Auditorium on Sunday by the persons who are anxious to get rid of their property. The principal line in each advertisement was: "For sale, cheap for cash."

No one seemed to be willing to sell unless for cash, and, despite the thousands which Dowie says the Zion investments are paying in dividends, none of the would-be sellers mentioned prospective dividends as an inducement to purchase.

All summer there has been complaints from Zion City about poor water and sanitation, and a dozen other alleged disadvantages. But all these seem to be forgotten now. These last few cold days apparently have called the attention of the residents of the bleak spot on the north shore to the fact that Zion City will be a pretty cold place this winter.

With coal at \$20 a ton and nothing to protect them from the lake breezes and winds that howl over the prairie but frame houses—some of them haven't even these and still live in tents—the prospect isn't pleasant to the followers of Elijah II.

Dowie, of course, living in a brick dwelling, with closed carriages, and fur-lined overcoats, cannot see why the cold should drive anybody away. Expensive coal cuts little figure when one has, as he claims to have, 60,000 disciples who are paying him 10 per cent of what they earn each week.

Many a poor carpenter or machinist, who was promised work in Zion City, finds that there will be "nothing doing" in his line there this winter. The long days without work, with nothing on the one side of the other but the prairie and nothing on the other but the lake, hardly look promising, especially with fuel at its present price. And he must use coal or wood for gasoline is not allowed within the sacred gates of Zion City.

It was while Dowie was delivering his customary tirade against other creeds than his own, and, of course, the newspapers, that the papers bearing the advertisements were being perused. They were handed out as the crowd came in and went out, and there was hardly a person who did not get a copy of the advertisements.

What Dowie will say when he learns these people are trying to sell their holdings at Zion City can be imagined better than described. The rage into which he went several weeks ago, when he hauled all his followers over the coals for not giving up to him 10 per cent of their earnings each week—their tithes, is considered only a sample of what is now to come.

Despite the exodus from Zion City, however, Dowie said in his harangue at the Auditorium, everything in the north shore community was in a prosperous condition. There was nothing he could ask for, he said, but one thing, and that he did in his prayer, when he said:

"Oh God, hear this plea and send from heaven a bolt of lightning, which will destroy the newspapers, the vipers which are gnawing at our vitals, instead of spreading the truth about Zion."

Dowie also attacked his old enemies, the Roman Catholic church, in particular, and other churches in general, secret societies, theatres and the judiciary. He said that unless the government soon did something to regulate trusts he would take a hand in the matter and wipe them out of existence.

The greatest bit "Elijah" made during the afternoon was a sort of initiation of the awakening of Rip Van Winkle. He tottered across the stage like one afflicted with the palsy and said that was how his enemies would have the world think he appeared. Then he jumped across the platform in three bounds, to show how vigorous he was.

Wants to Carry It.

An exchange reflects our sentiment thusly: "Good morning, have you paid your subscription this year? Perhaps you owe for last year, or several years. Now you understand, we don't need money, we have millions—to get; but it is really an imposition on our part to let people go on carrying our money around when we are so strong and healthy and abundantly able to bear the burden ourselves. For this reason we ask everybody who has any of our money in his possession to leave it at the office, or send it by mail, freight, express or any other way, just so it gets here. Silver and gold are heavy, and it would be a matter of life-long regret if anyone should get bow-legged carrying it around for us."

## MILLION OF MEMBERS.

Growth of Odd Fellows' Order as Shown by Reports to Sovereign Grand Lodge.

With special trains arriving from all parts of the country and the attendance having already reached 80,000, the seventy-eighth annual session of the Sovereign Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows was formally welcomed to Des Moines, Ia., Monday.

Upon the conclusion of the welcoming exercises the Sovereign Grand Lodge was formally called to order. The report of the Grand Sire indicated that there were 127 grand lodges established, of which six were in foreign countries. The total number of subordinate lodges is 12,792 and subordinate encampments 2750. The entire membership of the order reaches 1,092,272. During the year there were 99,393 initiations in the subordinate lodges and including those initiated in other branches the total report is 185,845.

The amount of relief disbursed was \$3,939,755.68, an increase of \$203,093.08. The financial statements show: Revenue from all branches, \$10,826,966.66; increase \$666,025.19. Expenses, \$3,796,195.31; increase \$498,353.09; surplus revenue \$2,030,771.35. Invested funds \$29,952,769.33; increase \$1,569,076.28. The report says that since 1880 there have been 2,544,120 members initiated into the subordinate lodges; 2,565,907 members relieved; 256,606 widowed families relieved; 202,354 members deceased. Total relief \$192,665,214.47; total revenue \$240,430,422.21.

### Mining Millionaire Dies.

Winfield Scott Stratton, the bonanza mining millionaire, is dead. Stratton had been spending \$500,000 a month recently in sinking a shaft into the heart of Battle mountain, in order to lay bare the mother lode of the fabulous Cripple Creek country. Had this work been accomplished he might have died the richest man in the world. Stratton was born in Indiana, but went west when a youth. He was a carpenter for years, and finally made a small strike in the mines. His fortune was amassed in Colorado, after twenty years of stern, unprofitable life as a prospector. He finally struck out the celebrated Independence mine at Cripple Creek. Since 1891 Stratton had been making \$100,000 a month out of this property.

### Is Laid Up With A Broken Leg.

Former Supervisor Raymond, of Wauconda, was painfully injured last Friday in a serious runaway accident, his horse becoming frightened at an automobile. Mr. Raymond was driving along the country road near Wauconda when one of the "devil wagons" sped by him. His horse became frightened and was soon unmanageable. The animal started to run and Mr. Raymond was thrown heavily from the buggy and when picked up it was found that one leg had been badly fractured. The former supervisor will be confined to his home for some months. Mr. Raymond's many friends will regret to hear of his accident and hope that he will soon be around again.

### Claim That Democratic Convention Was Illegal.

Many Lake County democrats asserted that the Democratic senatorial convention held in Chicago Monday was illegal and that the nominee, William Desmond, will not be permitted to run on the state ticket.

This claim is made on the grounds that the convention was not held in the district for which a candidate was to be selected. In the face of this condition of affairs the Independents feel their chances are greatly improved, for they say that before election time Desmond will have been disposed of by the circuit judges before whom the case will be laid.

### Forest Fire Kills Eleven

Driven from their homes in the darkness of the night by a raging forest fire which swept everything before it from Ariel, Cowlitz county, Washington, to the foot of Mount St. Helens, a distance of twenty-five miles, eleven people are dead, four are missing and over 200 people have been left homeless, many with not even clothes enough to cover their nakedness.

### A Worthy Promotion.

Mr. Frank Drom has been offered and has accepted the position of manager of the Barker Lumber Co.'s business at Genoa Junction and has entered upon his duties. While we regret to lose so worthy a citizen we can but offer our congratulations to one who is in every way worthy to fill such a responsible position. Mr. Drom has been in the employ of the company at this place for the past seven years and by his faithful service to the interests of his employer has merited the confidence placed in him. He is honest, upright and faithful and the company is making no mistake in promoting him to this responsible position. We can recommend him to the citizens of Genoa Junction as one worthy of their highest esteem. Mr. Drom is a member in good standing in the Odd Fellows and Modern Woodmen societies where he has held important offices, and his able counsel and faithful attendance will be missed at their meetings.

## BLOW MAY END FATALLY

### FIGHT BETWEEN POWELL AND SHAVE OF BRISTOL

The Two Men Got Into a Fight on a Load of Oats and Shave Was Knocked From the Wagon.

As a result of a domestic quarrel Wm. Schave, a farm laborer, lies at the point of death, and Wm. Powell, of the town of Bristol, his employer, fears arrest for murder.

Schave is unconscious at the Powell home with an ugly gash in his head, from which the brain is plainly visible, and there is said to be very slight hope of his recovery.

The altercation which led up to this distressing state of affairs occurred last Friday on the Barrett farm, two miles north-west of the town of Bristol. Both men are hot tempered and when angry at each other had threatened to do bodily injury several times.

Friday Powell and the hired man had been quarrelling for some time over trifling matters. They had loaded a rack with oats and hauled it to the Barrett farm to be threshed. Both men were standing on top of the load when they began to swear and curse each other. Powell struck Mr. Schave a vicious blow on the head, and before any one could prevent it the latter tumbled headlong to the ground behind the horses' heels. Several men rushed to the man's rescue, but before they could reach him the horses took fright and kicked him, one of them cutting a frightful gash across the fallen man's forehead. The team then ran away and the loaded wagon passed over the unconscious man's body.

When picked up he was literally covered with blood, and was believed to be dead. He was carried into a nearby farm house and Dr. Stevens of Bristol, and Dr. Teat of Salem, were summoned. They performed an operation in the hope of saving his life, but are not very sanguine of success. The skull bone was forced together and a gold plate was placed on the inside of the skull to protect the brain.

Schave was later removed to the Powell house, where everything possible is being done for him. He has not regained consciousness, and it is feared by the physicians that complications may set in which may result fatally. Schave received internal injuries from the wagon passing over him, which adds to the gravity of the case.

Eye witnesses of the quarrel assert that the blow given Schave by Powell was sufficient to fell an ox, and nobody expected to see the man alive when he was picked up.

Powell is greatly frightened over the tragic end of his latest quarrel with Mr. Schave, and has ordered the doctors to spare no expense to save the man's life. He is being kept under close surveillance, as it is feared he may attempt to escape in case a turn for the worse ensues in the condition of the wounded man. No arrest has been made, though a close watch is being kept on Powell, and should he attempt to leave the country he would be locked up.

Powell is about 35 years of age, and is one of the most well known farmers in Kenosha county. He has a large family dependent upon him. He was always known to be quick tempered, a fact which seems to have gotten him into serious difficulties.

The injured man is still alive but only slight hopes are entered for his recovery.

### Our Great Clubbing Offer.

On the 8th page of this issue of the News will be found a four column advertisement of our great clubbing offer. A sample copy of these papers may be seen at this office or will be mailed to any address. This is one of the best offers ever made by any paper, and the papers offered are the best of their class published. Let all who wish to secure this offer send in their subscriptions at once. Only \$1.90 for the five publications in advance.

### Christian Endeavor Rally.

The Lake County Division of the Chicago C. E. Union will hold a Rally at Millburn Friday evening, Sept. 20. The following is the program:

7:30, Song service, led by

Rev. Stevens, Grayslake

7:50, Quiet Hour Service.

8:05, Society roll call.

Special music.

8:15, Address, Rev. Geo. William Wright, Chicago

Benediction.

### Craze of Opium Smoking.

Opium smoking is increasing in Eastern Siberia and causing the authorities much anxiety, owing to the frequent deaths therefrom. The police recently discovered 32 opium dens in Vladivostok, 18 in Nihilok, 13 in Novosk, and 4 in Irkutsk. There are twice as many undiscovered dens. The craze has not touched the working classes as yet, but seems to be confined to the officials and their wives.

## Speaker Henderson Declines Re-nomination.

Speaker Henderson late this afternoon issued letters to Chairman D. C. Glasser and other members of the Congressional committee and Chairman Albrook of the nomination convention, and an address to the voters of the Third district, announcing his declination of the Republican party's nomination for Congress.

Following is the letter addressed to C. A. Albrook, chairman of the nomination committee, Eldora, Iowa, by Mr. Henderson, announcing his determination:

"My dear sir: I have never answered the kind note communicated by you and your associates advising me of my nomination for the eleventh time by acclamation as the Republican candidate for Congress for the Third Congressional district of Iowa. Reported conditions in the public mind in my district upon public policies induced me to make this delay. Since my return to the district I have made a careful study as to the sentiment in the district and state, and I believe there is no little sentiment, and a growing sentiment, among republicans that I do not truly represent their views on the tariff question. Believing this condition to exist and knowing that I do not agree with many of my people that trusts, to which I am and have been opposed, can be cured, or the people benefitted by free trade, in whole or in part, I must decline to accept the nomination so generously and enthusiastically made. I have devoted twenty of the best years of my life to the service of my people and my country, and I have fought for what I believed to be best for the farmer, the laborer, and the business interests of this district and state. I am grateful for the devotion that has ever been accorded me, and to the hour of my death I will hold in a grateful heart the memory of that devotion. I will give later on, in some detail, my views and convictions on our conditions and on public questions, and will state my reasons why the Republican party and its policies should continue in the confidence of the voters of the United States, and why the doctrines of the Democracy should find no lodgment in the faith and teachings of the Republican party.

Very truly yours,  
D. B. HENDERSON."

### Resolutions.

Whereas, The Modern Woodmen of America is a fraternal beneficiary society organized for the purpose of furnishing indemnity to beneficiaries of deceased Neighbors at actual cost and not for profit, and

Whereas, doubts exists in the minds of the members of the society as to the advisability of the Head Camp of the Society to change the rate of assessments upon members without the consent of the Neighbor assessed, and

Whereas, the proposed rate of readjustment is a plan which increases the burdens as the ability to carry insurance decreases, and will tend to drive the old members from the society and make membership in our society less attractive to the young, and

Whereas, The Hon. C. T. Heydecker has made a record in Woodcraft of which this Camp approves, and therefore be it

Resolved, By Russell Camp No. 1096, Modern Woodmen of America, that we are opposed to the proposed plan rate of readjustment of members, and also opposed to the expenditure of the general fund in advocating the proposed plan; that we strenuously disapprove of the policy of the Head Camp officers in their administration of the society's affairs, and believing that a radical change is necessary in said administration we do most heartily endorse Hon. C. T. Heydecker of Lake Camp No. 174, for the office of Head Consul to be elected at Indianapolis, Ind., in June 1903, as an honest and able advocate of the fraternal principles on which our society is founded.

Adopted by Russell Camp No. 1096, M. W. A., Sept. 13, 1902.

### Damage Done by Glacier Slide.

Recently two serious glacier slides took place on the northern slope of the Kasbek Mountain, in the Caucasus Russia. Two thousand sheep, sixty-nine horses, and thirty-seven human beings were buried under the falling mass, which blocked up the river.

### LOCAL MARKET REPORT.

Oats.....80c

Corn—20 lbs. ear.....22 00

Hay.....\$9 00 2 \$10 00

MIL FEED.

Brn.....\$15 00

Midlings.....22 00

Gltn.....20 00

Oil Meal, per 100 lbs.....1 75

Chicken Feed Wheat.....1 25

HOGS.

Hogs—Live weight.....\$ 7 25

Hogs—Dressed.....8 50

POULTRY.

Turkeys.....90

Ducks.....80

Geese.....80

Chickens—Live weight.....80

The Best Job Printing can be had at The News office, Antioch, Ill.



# A SISTER'S VENGEANCE

By GEORGE MANVILLE FENN

## CHAPTER XII.—(Continued.)

Humphrey could not hear all that was said, but a word fell upon his ear from time to time, and as he pieced these words together it seemed as if the speaker were declaiming against tyranny and oppression, and calling upon his hearers to help him to put an end to the state of affairs existing.

Then came an excited outburst, as the speaker must have turned his face toward the door, for these words came plainly:

"The end of it will be that they'll escape, and bring a man-of-war down upon us, and all through his fooling."

A murmur arose.

"He's gone mad, I tell you all; and, if you like to choose a captain for yourselves, choose one, and I'll follow him like a man; but if I find something was done if we want to live."

Another burst of murmurs rose here. "He's mad, I tell you, or he wouldn't keep him like that. So what's it to be, my lads, a new captain or the yard-arm?"

## CHAPTER XIII.

The time glided on, and Humphrey always knew when his captor was at sea, for the severity of his imprisonment was then most felt. The lieutenant, Mazzard, was always left in charge of the place, but Bart remained behind by the captain's orders, and at these times Humphrey was sternly ordered to keep to his prison.

Danny came and went, but, try him how he would, Humphrey could get nothing from him for days and days.

The tide turned at last.

"Well, sir," said Danny one morning, "I've been thinking it over a great deal. I don't like deserting the captain, who has been like a brother to me; but there's Mistress Greeneyes, and love's a wonderful excuse for a many things."

More days passed, and every stroll outside his prison had to be taken by Humphrey with Bart as close to him as his shadow.

Danny kept away again, and the plan to escape might as well have never been uttered.

Bart always went well armed with his prisoner, and seemed unusually suspicious, as if fearing an attempt at escape.

Danny's little widow came no more, and the hours grew so leisurely with the comfortable consent upon the captain's absence that Bart longed for his return.

One morning Bart's manner showed that something had occurred. His sour face wore a smile, and he was evidently greatly relieved of his responsibility as he said to the prisoner:

"There, you can go out."

"Has the captain returned?"

Bart delivered himself of a short nod.

"Tell him I wish to see him. Mind him come here."

"What the skipper? You mean, ask him if I may take you to him, and he'll see you."

"I said, Tell your skipper to come here!" said Humphrey, drawing himself up as if he were on the quarterdeck.

"Tell him I wish to see him at once."

Bart drew a long breath. Then, smiling grimly, he slowly left the place.

The buccaneer, who looked anxious and dispirited, was listening to some complaint made by his lieutenant, and angry words were passing, which made Bart as he heard them hasten his steps, and look sharply from one to the other as he entered.

Black Mazzard scowled, his face being villainous without.

"Well," he said aloud, "I've warned you!" and he strode out of the old chamber which formed the captain's quarters.

"You two been quarrelling?" said Bart, sharply.

"The dog's insolence is worse than ever!" cried the captain, with flashing eyes. "Bart, I don't want to shed the blood of the man who has been my officer, but—"

"Let someone else bleed him," growled Bart. "Dick would; Danny would give anything to do it. We're 'bout tired of him. I should like the job myself."

"Silence!" said the captain, sternly. "No, speak; tell me, what has been going on since I've been away?"

"Black Mazzard?"

The captain nodded.

"Half the time he's spent in the south-rins preaching to the men."

"Preaching?"

"Yes, with you for a text. Just in his old way; but I've been too busy with the prisoner. He wants you!"

The buccaneer sprang to his feet.

"He wants me—he has sent for me?" he cried, eagerly.

"You'll go?"

"Yes. Perhaps he has something to say in answer to an offer I made."

"An offer?"

"Yes, Bart, to join us, and be one of my lieutenants."

"Join us, and be your lieutenant?" cried Bart.

"Yes, my friend. I like him for the sake of his old generous ways, and I like him for his present manliness."

"You—like him?"

"Yes. It is not impossible, is it, that I should like to have a friend?"

"Friend?"

"Yes!" said the captain, sternly; "another friend! Don't stare, man, and think of the past. Mary Dell died, and Abel Dell still lives—Commodore Junk, seeking to take vengeance upon those who cut that young life short."

"Look here," said Bart, who gasped as he listened to his companion's wild utterances; "are you going mad?"

"No, Bart; I am as sane as you."

"But, you said—"

"What I choose to say, man. Let me believe all that I like. Do you suppose I do not want some shield against the stings of my own thoughts? I choose to think all that and it shall be so. You shall think it too. I am Commodore Junk, and if I wish this man to be my friend, and he consents, it shall be so!"

Humphrey was beginning to feel the thrill of returning strength in his veins, and it brought with it his old independence of spirit and the memory that he had been trained to rule. His little episode with Bart that morning had roused him a little, and prepared him for his encounter with the buccaneer captain, upon whom he felt he was about to confer a favor.

A smile played about his lips as a step drew nearer. The buccaneer entered the chamber. He stood gazing down at the handsome, manly figure of his prisoner. Then a frown puckered his brow, and he said, quietly:

"No," said Humphrey; "no, my good fellow, I was only thinking."

The buccaneer frowned a little more heavily as he listened to his prisoner's cool, careless words, and felt the contemptuous tone in which he was addressed.

"You sent for me," he said, harshly, and his voice sounded coarse and rough.

"Well," said Humphrey, with insolent contempt, "how many ships have you plundered—how many throats have you cut this voyage?"

The buccaneer's eyes seemed to flash as he took a step forward, and made an angry gesture. But he checked himself on the instant, and with a faint smile, replied:

"Captain Armstrong is disposed to be merry. Why have you sent for me?"

"Merry!" said Humphrey, still ignoring the question; "one need be, shut up in this tomb. Well, you are back again?"

"Yes, I am back again," said the buccaneer, smoothing his brow, and declining to be angry with his prisoner for his insolent way. "It is but the pecking of a prisoner's bird," he said to himself.

"And not been caught and hanged yet? I was in hope that I had seen the last of you."

"I have heard tell before of prisoners reviling their captors," said the buccaneer, quietly.

"Revile! Well, is it not your portion?"

"For treating you with the consideration due to a gentleman?" said the buccaneer, whose features grew more calm and whose eyes brightened as if, from satisfaction at finding the prisoner so cool and daring, and in how little account he was held.

"I have given orders that the prisoner should be treated well. Is there anything more I can do?"

The harsh, grating voice had grown soft, deep, rich and mellow, while the dark, flashing eyes seemed to have become dreamy as they rested upon the prisoner's handsome, defiant face.

"Yes," said Humphrey, bitterly; "give me my liberty!"

The buccaneer shook his head.

"Curse you! You profess to serve me, to treat me well—and you keep me here barred up like some wild beast whom you have caged."

"Barred—caged!" said the buccaneer, raising his eyebrows. "You have freedom to wander where you will."

"Bart! freedom!" cried Humphrey, springing up. "Curse you! why don't I strangle you where you stand?"

At that moment there was a rustling among the leaves outside the window, and Humphrey burst into a mocking laugh.

"How brave!" he cried. "The buccaneer captain comes to see his unarmed prisoner, and his guards wait outside the doorway, while another party stop by the window, ready to spring in."

The buccaneer's face turned of a deep, dull red—the glow of annoyance, as he strode to the window and exclaimed fiercely:

"Why are you here? Go!"

"But—"

"No, Bart," said the buccaneer, more quietly. "Captain Armstrong will not injure me."

There was a heavy rustling sound among the leaves and the buccaneer made as if to go to the great curtain; but he checked himself, turned, and said, smiling sadly:

"Captain Armstrong will believe me when I tell him that there is no one out there. Come, sir, you have sent for me. You have thought well upon all I said. All this has been so much angry petulance, and you are ready to take me by the hand—to become my friend. No, no; hear me. You do not think of what your life here may be."

"That of a pirate—a murderer!" cried Humphrey, scornfully.

"No," said the buccaneer, flushing once more. "I am rich. All that can be something of the past. This land is mine, and here we can raise up a new nation, for my followers are devoted to me. Come! are we to be friends?"

"Friends!" cried Humphrey, scornfully. "A new nation—your people devoted—why, man, I sent for you to warn you!"

"You—to warn me?"

"Yes. One of your followers is plotting against you. He has been addressing your men; and if you don't take care you will be elevated over your people in a way more lofty than pleasant to the king of a new nation."

"I understand your sneers, sir," said the buccaneer, quietly; and there was more sadness than anger in his tone.

"They are unworthy of the brave man who has warned me of a coming danger, and they are from your lips, sir, not from the heart of the grave adversary I have vowed to make my friend."

Humphrey winced, for the calm, reproachful tone roused him, and he stood there frowning as the buccaneer went on.

"As to the plotting against me, I am always prepared for that. A man in my position makes many enemies. Even you have yours."

"Yes—yes," cried Humphrey.

"No; I am a friend. There, I thank you for your warning. It is a proof, though you do not know it, that the gap between us grows less. Some day, Captain Armstrong, you will take my hand. We shall be friends."

Humphrey remained silent as the buccaneer left the chamber, and, once more alone, the prisoner asked himself if this was true—that he had really bidden farewell to civilization forever, and this was to be his home, this strange compound of savage ferocity and gentle friendliness his companion to the end?

## CHAPTER XIV.

Humphrey Armstrong walked on blindly further and further into the forest, for he was moved more deeply than ever he had been moved before. The presence of this man was hateful to him, and yet he seemed to possess an influence that was inexplicable; and his soft, deep tones rang in his ears now he was away.

"Good heavens!" he cried, "what an end to an officer's career—the lieutenant of a wretched pirate king! New nation! Bah! what madness!"

He sat down with his head resting upon his hand, gazing along the narrow path, when, to his horror, just coming into view, he saw the figure of the buccaneer approaching, with head bent and arms crossed over his chest, evidently deep in thought.

Humphrey started up and backed away round a curve before turning, and walked swiftly along the path, looking eagerly for a track by which he could avoid another encounter, when for the first time he became aware of the fact that he was in the way, leading to an old temple which had been formed into a manse, and, unless he should be able to find another path, bound for the ancient structure. He climbed up the doorway and looked back.

All was silent and dim as he stooped and entered, stepping cautiously on, and then, as soon as well sheltered, turning to gaze back. Just then the buccaneer came into sight and walked slowly toward the temple. There was no time for further hesitation. He must either boldly meet the buccaneer, or hide.

He chose the latter course, stepping cautiously into one of the recesses behind a sitting figure, where he could stand in complete darkness and wait till the buccaneer had gone.

The latter entered the next moment, and Humphrey felt half mad with himself at his spy-like conduct, for as he saw dimly the figure enter, he heard a low, piteous moan, and then a heavy thud, as if the man had fallen, and he saw his hands clasped, and his frame bending with emotion, as in a broken voice he prayed aloud.

His words were incoherent, and but few of the utterances reached the listening man's ears, as he bit his lips with anger, and then listened with wonder at what seemed a strange revelation of character.

"Oh, give me strength!" he murmured. "I swore revenge—on all—for the wrongs done—for the death—strength to fight down—the weakness—to be self—for strength—for strength—to live—revenge—death!"

The last word of these agonized utterances was still quivering upon the air as if it had been torn from the speaker's breast, when the dimly seen doorway was suddenly darkened and there was a quick movement.

Humphrey Armstrong's position was one which enabled him, faint as was the light, to see everything—the draped coffin, the kneeling figure bent over it, and a great crawling form, stealing softly behind, as if gathering for a spring.

There was the dull gleam of steel uplifted by the figure bending over the buccaneer. Assassination, without doubt. The moment of peril had come, lightly as it had been treated, and, stirred to the heart by the treachery and horror of the deed intended, Humphrey sprang from his place of concealment, struck the buccaneer's assailant full in the chest, and they rolled over together on the temple floor.

"Quick, lads, help!" shouted the man whom Humphrey had seized, and two companions rushed in for a general melee to ensue at terrible disadvantage, for the assailants were armed with knives and those they assailed defenseless as to weapons.

Humphrey knew this to his cost in the quick struggle which ensued. He had writhed round as he struggled with the would-be murderer, and contrived to get upmost, when a keen sense of pain passing through one of his arms, made him loosen his hold for a moment, and the next he was dashed back.

He sprang up, though, to seize his assailant, and, as he did so, he saw a flash of steel, and, as he clapped an enemy, he found that it was not his first antagonist, but a lesser man, with whom he closed fiercely just as the fellow was striving to get out of the doorway—a purpose he effected, dragging Humphrey with him.

The passage was darker than the inner temple, where horses panting and the sounds of contention were still going on, oaths, curses and commands uttered in a savage voice to "Give it him now!"

"Now strike, you fool!" "Curse him, he's like an eel, and a like came confusion through the doorway, as, smiting with pain and grinding his teeth with rage, Humphrey struggled on in the passage, savagely determined to retain this one a prisoner, as he fought to get the mastery of the knife.

How it all occurred was more than he could afterward clearly arrange in his own mind; what he could recall was that the pain weakened him, and the man with whom he struggled wrenched his left arm free, snatched the knife he held from his right hand, and, with it, he plunged it into Humphrey's breast but not the latter struck him a sharp blow upward in the face so vigorously that the knife fell tinkling on the ground, and the struggle was resumed upon more equal terms.

It was a matter of less than a minute, during which Humphrey fought less for life than to master his assailant and keep him a prisoner. They had been down twice, tripping over the stone steps, and now, as Humphrey had been forced against the wall, but by a sudden spring he had driven his opponent backward, and they were struggling in the middle of the opening, when a wild shriek rang out from the inner temple—a cry which seemed to curdle the young officer's blood—and this was followed by a rush of someone escaping.

His retreat was only witnessed by one, for the struggle was continued on the floor. The two adversaries, locked in a light embrace, strove to reach their feet, and, panting and weak, Humphrey had nearly succeeded in so doing, when his foe forced him backward, and he fell to cling to the ragged stonework.

For as he was driven back the flooring seemed to crumble away beneath his feet; there was a terrible jerk, and he found himself hanging by his hands, his enemy clinging to him still, and the weight upon his muscles seeming as if it would tear them apart. In the hurry and excitement Humphrey could hardly comprehend his position for the moment.

The next he understood it too well, for the stone which had given way fell with a hideous, echoing noise, which came from a terrible distance below.

Almost in total darkness, his hands cramped into the interval between two masses of broken stone which formed part of the debris of the roof above, hanging over a hideous gulf at the full stretch of his arms, and with his adversary's hands fixed (like him) in gash and dress as he strove to clamber up him to the floor above.

At every thro, as the man strove to

grip Humphrey with his knees and climb up, some fragment of stone rushed down, to fall far beneath, splashing and echoing with a repetition of sounds that robbed him of such strength as remained to him, and a dreamy-sensation came on apace.

"It is the end," thought Humphrey, for his fingers felt as if they were yielding, and in another minute he knew that he must fall, when the grip upon him increased, and the man who clung uttered a hoarse yell for help.

"Quick!" he shrieked. "I'm letting go!"

But at that instant something dark seemed to come between him and the gleaming wet stone away above him in the roof, and then there was quite an avalanche of small stones clanging by.

(To be continued.)

## WISE AND UNWISE COACHING.

Superiority of the English Method Over the American.

The Englishman perhaps understands better than the American that in endeavoring to get the best possible work out of men in athletic training, care must be taken not to make them nervous. The English "coach" talks pleasantly to his men, and in the course of an afternoon on the river they get a fairly good idea of the required stroke. The American, according to John Corbin, the author of "An American at Oxford," is likely to be brusque, if not violent. He says:

"When I tried for the freshman crew in America, I was put, with seven other unfortunates, into a huge clinker barge, in charge of the sophomore coxswain. On the first day I was told to mind the angle on my oar.

"The third day the coxswain wrought himself into a fury, and swore at me for not keeping the proper angle. When I glanced out at my blade he yelled:

"Keep your eyes in the boat!" again with an oath.

This upset me so that I forgot thereafter to keep a flat back at the finish of the stroke. When we touched the float he jumped out, looked at my back, brought his boot against it sharply, and told me there was no use in trying to row unless I could hold a flat back and swing my body between my knees.

That night I sat on a dictionary with my feet against the foot-board, and tried these injunctions until my back seemed torn into fillets; but it would not come flat. I never went down to the river again, and it was two years before I summoned courage to try another sport.

## ANNUAL SLAUGHTER

On American Railroads Exceeds Number of Casualties in Two Wars.

In the first three months of the year 813 persons were killed and 9,958 wounded by railroad collisions and accidents of all kinds. Of this total 53 passengers only were killed and 826 injured; all the rest were railroad employees.

This large crop of deaths and wounds was the fruit of 1,220 collisions and 838 derailments. These figures are made public by the Interstate Commerce Commission. They cover only a quarter of a year. Multiplied by four, we get these as the probable totals for the full year: Killed, 3,252; wounded, 39,832.

That is to say, a larger number of persons are killed every year on our railroads than were killed in the war with Great Britain from 1812 to 1815 and the war with Mexico from 1846 to 1848 added together, and five times as many are wounded as were wounded in both those historic conflicts. Yet if these figures for 1902 are not exceeded they will be a marked improvement over those for 1900, in which year 7,855 persons were killed and 60,320 wounded on United States railroads, which exceeded the combined totals of the Union soldiers killed and wounded in the terrific battles of Antietam, Gettysburg and the Wilderness.

Surely peace hath her sacrifices no less shocking than war. Is it not possible to make railroad operation less destructive of human life and limb?—New York World.

Enthusiasm of a Dying Scientist.

The last penguin we met, says Prof. C. E. Borchgrevink, the Antarctic explorer, in Leslie's Monthly, arrived on the 14th of October, 1890, at Cape Adair, in South Victoria Land, thus long before the ice had broken up. I killed him at the request of my zoologist, who was dying at the time. The man knew that his death was only a question of hours, but he had looked forward to the arrival of the birds, and the news of this first arrival excited him. He begged us to kill and dissect the bird before him, although he himself was to follow the bird into the mystery of death half an hour afterwards, and he knew it. He showed the utmost interest in the operation, and dictated scientific notes as he watched it till within fifteen minutes of his dissolution.

## Doubtful.

"No," said the capitalist, "I shall not invest in your invention. I very seriously question its practicability and its importance."

"For what reason?"

"Because no one has come forward with a claim that you stole it from him!"—Washington Star.

Fuel Scarce in Mexico.

One of the greatest drawbacks in Mexico is the scarcity of fuel. Hopes are placed in the probable discovery of oil in paying quantities.

A Natural Accomplishment.

Oaths were constantly heard in society in London 100 years ago. With the introduction of golf they are again becoming fashionable.

When two cats pull off a fight after dark they scratch a match.

# POLITICAL COMMENT.

## "Progressive" Republicans.

The Chicago Tribune began its free-trade work a few days ago by advocating free wheat from Canada to help the Minneapolis mills. Now the Tribune has gone a step further and advocates free beef cattle from Mexico and Canada. Says the Tribune:

"The cattle-raising industry needs no bounty encouragement. So long as the cattle raisers of the country and the butchers, wholesale and retail, were able to supply meat at a fair price the duties whose repeal the butchers ask for were unobjectionable. As soon as prices reached a point where meat became a luxury the duties became unnecessary for protective purposes. If they have any effect it is to add slightly to the cost of meat."

The farmers of Iowa would discover the difference so soon as the present duties were removed. Cattle can be grown in Mexico and Canada cheaper than in the United States on account of cheap lands and cheaper labor. The Mexicans and Canadians are not entitled to the splendid American market without paying for it in lieu of the taxes they would pay if they were growing cattle in the United States.

Forgetting that train loads of Mexican cattle reached the Chicago market under the Wilson law, the Tribune says:

"The cattle raisers of the country are not threatened with any competition which will be destructive of their profits, nor is there any possibility of the foreign or domestic supply becoming so great in the next few years that the market price of meat will not be a sufficient inducement to men to engage in the raising of live stock."

The Tribune argues that the consumer is better entitled to low prices than the producer to a protected price as follows:

"Vastly more people are affected favorably by the low price of meat than by its high price, and consequently the repeal of the duties on cattle and meat will meet with more support than opposition."

With the Tribune it seems to be only a question of securing a low price to the consumer. That is a cardinal doctrine with the free-trader.

The "progressive Republicans" have now demanded:

Free wheat from Canada into the United States.

Free beef cattle from Mexico and Canada.

Free iron and steel from all the world.

Free hides from South and Central America.

Free wool from South and Central America.

And the list is growing. What is a protectionist to do in times like these?

Republicans had better get out their facts and figures before joining in any free-trade cry.—Des Moines Capital.

## Export Prices.

Volume XIII. of the report of the Industrial Commission tabulates 410 staples received by the Commission bearing on the question of foreign and domestic prices. The report says:

"The great majority of the answers indicated that prices are no lower abroad than they are for domestic consumers, and a considerable number indicate that foreign prices are higher."

A few, however, state that they sell a portion of their goods abroad lower than at home, and the reasons are as follows:

"Cash payments and large purchases in the foreign trade, whereas the domestic trade is based on credits and small purchases."

"The drawback or rebate of the tariff on imported raw material of goods manufactured for export."

"To overcome the tariff of other countries."

"To secure new markets."

"To hold a market against new competitors."

"To clear out surplus stock or to prevent a shut-down and increased cost of production, by keeping mills running and men employed."

"To get rid of samples and out-of-date goods."

"Because the expense of selling and advertising is less abroad than at home."

These are the reasons attributed by manufacturers of all countries for sometimes selling a part of their stock at a lower price abroad than at home. It causes no injury to the domestic consumer and gives added employment and wages to laborers, besides keeping the home market firm and stable and preventing ruinous competition in cutting prices.

There is another reason why some American manufacturers sometimes sell a portion of their goods at a lower price abroad, and perhaps the chief reason. Most of our machinery or articles produced by machinery are covered by patents which are exclusively controlled and operated in this country. For example, take agricultural implements. It can be shown that where such articles are sold more cheaply abroad than at home it is because of patents. If not covered by foreign patents it is obviously the policy to sell in foreign countries at a price that will discourage production in those countries.

And yet of the manufacturers of agricultural implements reporting to the Industrial Commission, all, with only one exception, stated that prices for for-

align purchasers are either higher or no lower than those for domestic purchasers. Not one per cent of our output is sold at a lower price abroad, and only for some special reason connected with that particular consignment.

## The Maine Election.

That Maine would go Republican last Monday was as certain as that the sun would rise on the morning of that day, but that it would go as strongly Republican as it did was not expected even by the most sanguine prophets. It is a State where pluralities have fluctuated widely in off years. That the Republicans should have piled up a plurality, exceeded only once in the last twenty years, shows that they are not dissatisfied with the policies of the administration, and that the party in the State is united. What is true of Maine it is safe to say will be true of every other Republican State. The result has a national significance.

The keynote of the campaign in Maine was stated in a general way in a speech delivered in the Senate last June by Senator Gallinger of New Hampshire:

"Our friends on the other side are looking for an issue. They need not worry; the issue is looking for







# THE NEWS.

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ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

Economic conditions are reflected by the work of inventors with wonderful certainty. At present the scarcity of anthracite coal and the cheapness of Texas oil finds expression in the inquiries relating to oil and vapor burning apparatus on which it is evident a large number of inventors are at work.

The democratic party constitutes a striking reminder of the power-shorn Sampson. He destroyed his enemies by bringing the palace down on their heads—and his own. The democrats would wipe out the trusts by burying them in the same grave with the American prosperity.

Krupp, the German gunmaker, has invented a projectile that will pierce the best armor plate ever made. This will render useless every battle-ship in the world. The type of vessel known as torpedo destroyers will probably be the warships of the near future.

Did it ever occur to Mr. Bryan that the title of his paper "The Commoner," is perhaps a trifle presumptuous in view of the fact that the Great Pitt has been dead some time. However only the presumption of other people worries Mr. Bryan.

The war game has been responsible for a few deaths. The main difference between real war and a war game is that in war the men are killed by fever, dysentery, and bad food, whereas in the game they kill them with powder and shot.

Sir Henry Thompson says indigestion is generally not a disease, but an admonition that the sufferer has not found his appropriate food. There is no diet wholesome in itself, that only is wholesome which is so to the individual.

Crocker says he will never return to America as he can't sleep here, whereas his rest is perfect at Wantage. Mr. Crocker is not the only person who cannot sleep when he is in America and there is no wantage for him here.

Perhaps it has occurred to Mr. Roosevelt that he is the President of the largest trust on earth, the United States, and that, the United States being the father of the trusts has an undoubted right to spunk them all.

The chief end of the democratic party seems to be the erection of darkened backgrounds, composed of vague theorizing, which, when completed, serve to throw republican clear-cut action into bold relief.

The statement, coming from democratic sources, that the republican leaders mean to discredit the President should be received as are other democratic statements, with a very large proportion of salt.

The democrats harp upon what they call the "plain people." All of us with the exception of the unfortunates in the asylums and a few crack brains who are trying to get there, are "plain people."

A man who lost his upper and lower eyelids in a fire has new ones grafted on in their place. The cuticle was obtained from his hip and the experiment was a success from the first.

The President's advice to the southern republicans would apply with equal force to the Delaware republicans. A united effort to save the state to the republican party is in order.

President Roosevelt's recent eulogy of ex-Speaker Reed was a graceful tribute to a deserving statesman and an exhibition of wise and honorable political ability.

Mr. Bryan may console himself with the reflection that most reformers have been martyrs and that few martyrs owned \$450 helpers or lived in fine mansions.

The gunning season has begun, foot-ball will be due after the colleges open and the automobile is always with us. Surgery is a paying profession.

It will be a long time before the people consent to destroy the present prosperity even for the sake of destroying the trusts.

Lipton is building a new boat, Shamrock III. He is a good sportsman, a good adviser and a good loser.

Women Work a Sawmill.  
The four daughters of Benjamin Gottschalk of Jersey Shore, Pa., have recently announced that they intend to work the sawmill of their father at Youngdale until it attains an average output of 30,000 feet of lumber each working day. The girls are hard at work and are striving to break the record they established last season.

Kitchener Still Fancy Free.  
Gen. Kitchener, it is announced, will be superintending the military maneuvers at Delhi, India, in December. This disposes of the rumor of an engagement matrimonial which gossip had set for the Christmas season.

**Training German Soldiers.**  
Marksmanship for men of the German infantry, beginning with preliminary instruction, comprises range firing and lastly field or combat firing. By ingenious methods the advance of reinforcements or the thinning of a line of infantry or the advance of a column of soldiers is simulated. Balloon targets are used to represent lines of sharpshooters lying in a trench. Inflation keeps them erect and when punctured by a bullet they soon collapse, showing the firing line that another enemy has fallen. The agility of sharpshooters is represented by a variety of targets which can be made to pop up and down out of trenches and behind embankments at will. Other movable targets are attached to sleds and drawn over the surface of the ground by steam power or by horses.

**Quaint Sayings.**  
Commenting on the dubious anecdotes of Disraeli perpetrated in Sir Edward Blount's "Memoirs," a correspondent of the London Times thus writes on the fallibility of this sort of reminiscence: "Much nonsense was talked about Disraeli in those days; men perhaps began to believe the stories that passed from mouth to mouth and even to think they had themselves been present at scenes which never were. Lady Ashburton used to say that as a child she declared she remembered being present at her mother's wedding; and that, though she was whipped for making the statement, she never ceased to believe it."

**A Curious Banquet.**  
One of the most remarkable banquets on record was recently held at the leading hotel in Grand-Serre, France. It was given by a lawyer in honor of his 80th birthday anniversary, and his guests were his twelve oldest clients. Not one of them was less than 80 years old, and the ages of the thirteen amounted to the respectable total of 1,051 years. A few of the guests, it is said, were at first reluctant to accept the invitation when they learned that there would be thirteen at table, but the old lawyer would take no excuse, and so the thirteen feasted to their hearts' content.

**Shad Changed Their Homes.**  
Shad are very scarce in Connecticut waters this summer, but appeared in large numbers in the Ohio river, a profitable catch having been made within five miles of Cincinnati. Before 1876 shad were never caught in the Ohio. The first one taken in that year was considered such a curiosity that it was sent to the Smithsonian institution.

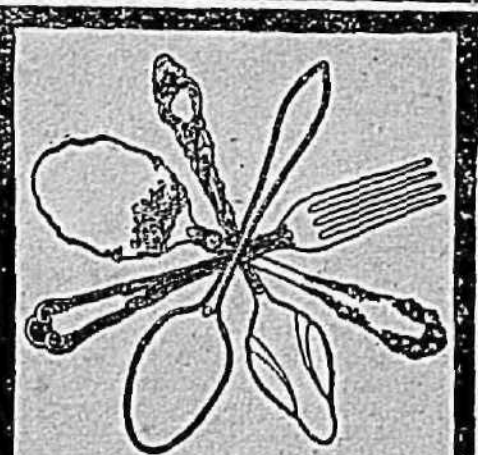
**What Was the Reading?**  
Too much reading is given as the cause of the downfall of a New England young man who became a burglar. Until a list of the culprit's favorite authors is published Sir Conan Doyle and Mr. Hornung will be under suspicion.

**Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Don't Know It.**

**How To Find Out.**

Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

**What To Do.**  
There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in 50c. and \$1. sizes. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful discovery and a book that tells more about it, both sent absolutely free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.



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**Search for Mines in Scotland.**  
The Duke of Argyll, in the hope of locating minerals, is having the Inverary estate surveyed by a mining expert, who has unearthed numerous specimens of an ore composed of nickel, copper and lead. The late Duke of Argyll once "wrought" nickel silver mines without being out of pocket.

**Illinois Central Through to Florida.**  
Beginning Monday, Jan. 6, 1902, the Illinois Central will run a through sleeping car between Chicago and Jacksonville, Florida, via Nashville, Chattanooga and Atlanta. It will leave Chicago daily at 6:10 p. m. and arrive at Jacksonville the second morning, running over the celebrated "Dixie Flyer" scenic route. This is an extension of its all-year-round Chicago and Nashville sleeping-car line.

**The Wisconsin Central Railway.**  
Maintains a daily train service between Chicago, Milwaukee, Manitowish, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Ashland and Duluth, reaching Eau Claire, Chippewa Falls, Marshfield, Hurley, Ironwood and Bessemer as well as the principal points of Wisconsin enroute. Connections with roads, running South, East, West and North, are made at terminal points. Pullman Sleepers are attached to all night trains and meals are served A La Carte. Any agent of the Wisconsin Ry. will be pleased to give you further information, furnish tickets and reserve sleeping car accommodations.  
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Do you want to know where the next great land boom will be, and where you can make plenty of money? If so, write the undersigned for a circular telling "All about it."

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WASHINGTON, D. C.

**Her Future Provided For.**  
The little daughter of Beerbohm Tree, the famous English actor, is the subject of a pleasing story. Once when some visitors were talking of theatrical matters, a lady took the child on her knee and said: "And you, my dear, I suppose you intend to be a great actress when you grow up?" "Oh, no, not at all," was the self-possessed response, "Mamma intends me to marry."

**Jackson's Injunction Business.**  
A Pittsburg business man who happened to be in Parkersburg one day this week met Judge Jackson at the state encampment of the West Virginia national guard. The judge, whose recent injunctions have caused much discussion, spoke freely on the subject and expressed great amusement at the letters received from different parts of the country. "Why," he said, "people seem to think I am conducting a wholesale and retail business in injunctions of all kinds. A man in Chicago wrote to get an injunction to restrain his neighbor's big tom cat from annoying him!"—Pittsburg Dispatch.

## Illinois Central R. R. STOCKHOLDERS

Free Transportation to Attend the Special and Annual Meeting at Chicago.

Publication is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Illinois Central Railroad Company will be held at the Company's office in Chicago, Illinois, on Friday, August 29th, 1902, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon; also that the regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the Company will be held at its offices in Chicago, Illinois, on Wednesday, October 15, 1902, at noon.

To permit personal attendance at these meetings there will be issued to each holder of one or more shares of the capital stock of the Illinois Central Railroad Company as registered on the books of the Company at the close of business on Friday, August 1, 1902, and to stockholders of record on Friday, September 19, 1902, a ticket entitling him, or her, to travel free over the Company's Lines from the station on the Illinois Central Railroad nearest to his or her registered address to Chicago and return, such ticket to be good for the journey to Chicago only during the four days immediately preceding, and the day of the meeting, and for the return journey from Chicago only on the day of the meeting, and the four days immediately following, when properly countersigned and stamped during business hours—that is to say, between 9:00 a. m. and 5:00 p. m. In the office of the Assistant Secretary, Mr. W. G. BAUM, in Chicago. Such ticket may be obtained by any holder of stock registered as above, on application in writing, to the President of the Company in Chicago. Each application must state the full name and address of the stockholder exactly as given in his or her certificate of stock, together with the number and date of such certificate. No more than one person will be carried free in respect to any one holding of stock as registered on the books of the Company.  
49410 A. G. HACKSTAFF, Secretary.

**J. C. James, Jr.,**  
**Justice of the Peace.**

All Legal Business Promptly Attended to

**FIRE INSURANCE.**

Farm and Village Fire Insurance in independent companies.

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**FOR SALE.**

One Stayer Surrey \$50.00  
Three-seated Wagon, \$70.00  
Stayer Top Buggy, \$20.00  
Buggy Pole, \$3.50.

In fine condition and must be sold.

3141 L. B. GRICE, Antioch, Ill.

**Wedge & Hook**

Have just received two carload of

**WAGONS, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES AND RUN-ABOUTS,**

Both in Steel and Rubber Tire

—FROM THE—

**Racine Wagon & Carriage Co.,**  
**RACINE, WIS.**

These Buggies and Wagons are all made of the best and seasoned material, made by skilled mechanics, and are in every way the equal, if not the superior, of any manufactory in the United States.

**BUGGIES, SURREYS and ROAD WAGONS**

At prices that will astonish you and within the reach of all.

**DO NOT BUY**

Till you have seen our stock and get our prices, for we have them to sell and will give you the benefit of our low prices.

**WEDGE & HOOK,**  
Antioch and Rollins, Ill.

**J. C. JAMES, JR.,**  
**UNDERTAKER.**

Licensed Embalmer

## DRESS GOODS, UNDERWEAR AND HOSIERY!

Don't hesitate any longer—from now on it will be heavy goods that you'll need—and need them badly if your caught with light garments on in the first good cold snap.

**Dress Goods**—We're showing the newest weaves and patterns in black and colored dress goods, also a good assortment of the popular fancy cotton and wool flannel—waistings

**Hosiery**—We're proud of our new fall stock and can show you many exceptional values in medium weight goods, fleece lined, heavy cotton and wool hose. Women's Hose, Children's Hose, Men's Hose.

**Underwear**—When we offer a complete stock of such famous and well-known goods as the "Staley" garments for Men; the "Munsing" garments for women and the "Forrest Mills" garments for children—we think we show the best possible assortment of fleeced lined and wool garments to satisfy the wants of all.

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**LEADERS OF LOW PRICES**  
WAUKEGAN, ILLINOIS.

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**FANCY DRINKS**

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Tin and Sheet-Iron Ware, Cordage, Farmers' and Mechanics' Tools, Lead, Oil, Paints, Colors and Brushes.

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Ayling Bros., 14 Haddon Ave., Chicago

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**PHYSICIAN & SURGEON.**

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29y1 **BANK OF ANTIOCH.**

**Dr. George Doerbecker,**  
**DENTIST,**

Opp. First National Bank, WAUKEGAN, ILL.  
Graduate of Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, of Philadelphia.



## ADJOINING TOWNS

### BRISTOL, WIS.

Mr. and Mrs. Perrigo spent Sunday in Antioch.

Scheriff Whitcher was in the village last Thursday.

Rev. and Mrs. Cole left for conference Monday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Fox are visiting friends at Janesville.

Mr. and Mrs. Griffin Culver and son were seen on our streets Sunday.

Will Gunter, of Paris, spent Sunday afternoon on the west side.

Miss Jennie Stevens will teach during the coming year near Kenosha.

Herman Smith, of New Munster, was in our village last Tuesday afternoon.

Frank Ford, of Chicago, spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. F. G. Kingman.

Miss Jessie Trafford spent the latter part of the week at Griffin Culvers, of Antioch.

Miss May Friebe began teaching school in the village of Pleasant Prairie last Monday.

Mr. Griffin, of Decatur, Mich., is visiting at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Arthur Haile.

Mrs. Maud Berry, of Racine, is visiting at the home of her father, Mr. O. C. Stonebreaker.

Mr. and Mrs. John Sholliff and Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Sholliff went to Zion City last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Moore, who went to Omaha for their honeymoon, returned Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Newman, of Waukegan, formerly of this town, is visiting her many old friends here.

It is rumored that one of Dr. Dowie's elders will speak to the benighted sinners of this village soon.

Geo. Gates was at Union Grove a few days of last week working for the Osborne Machinery Company.

Mr. James Coburn, of Nebraska, was called to Bristol to attend the funeral of his sister Mrs. Bacon.

Mr. Evan Foulke, who has been taking the X-ray treatment in Chicago, is spending this week at his home.

Elsie Gray left this town Sunday afternoon for Somers, where she will teach during the coming school year.

At present writing, Wm. Shave, who was kicked by a horse, is no better and there is but little hope of his recovery.

C. E. Williams has purchased a new steam engine which he will use to fill silos, saw wood and do other work where much power is necessary.

Miss Cassie Cole entertained a number of her friends on Friday evening at an informal party in honor of her friend Miss Forrest, of Viroqua.

Miss Dinsdale, who has been visiting at Dr. Stevens, left this village Tuesday morning for Appleton, where she will attend Lawrence University this year.

Quite a number of our citizens went to the state fair Wednesday and saw the railroad collision. Among those who went were Albert Bothlemy, Wells Curtis, F. R. Lavey, and A. F. Sherman.

Mrs. Harriet Bacon, one of the oldest residents of this county, passed from this world to the great beyond, at the home of her son, W. C. Bacon, Monday night. Mrs. Bacon was a quiet, unassuming woman, loved by all who knew her. She leaves a son and daughter to mourn her loss.

With the advent of the political season, the republican club should come to life and secure some good speaker for Bristol. Our town has been overlooked for a year or two until now, all interest seems to have left. Why can't the club get together and have at least one good republican meeting here? This would give the many candidates on the republican side a chance to introduce themselves.

### TREVOR, WIS.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Evans took in Antioch last week Wednesday.

Mr. Frank Moore and family returned to their home last Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Bloss and Mr. and Mrs. A. Bloss visited at L. A. Havens last Friday.

Miss Sarah McGinty spent last Monday with her sister, Mrs. Frank Yaw, at Camp Lake.

The Ladies Aid society meets with Mrs. J. Baryhite next Thursday afternoon, September 18.

Mr. H. Watson, Mr. W. Bloss and Mr. A. Booth took in the Milwaukee fair a few days last week.

Mrs. J. Pitcher and Mrs. T. Graves visited with Mrs. W. Scherf at Antioch Wednesday of last week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Sibley and daughter and Mr. and Mrs. W. Scherf and daughter visited at J. Pitcher's last Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Moore and daughter, of Woodstock, returned home Saturday after spending a few days with his brother, Howard and wife.

### LAKE VILLA.

R. H. Sherwood transacted business in Waukegan Monday.

Mrs. Caroline Ferren, of Iowa, is visiting with her sister, Mrs. L. O. Manzer.

Miss Olive Nelson commenced her high school course in Waukegan Monday.

Mrs. Walter Nicoll and Miss Elizabeth spent Saturday and Sunday in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Westlake are rejoicing over the arrival of a nine pound son.

Miss Gertrude Miller's school in the Waterbury district near Millburn began last week.

Lemuel Stanford from near Chicago, was the guest of his niece, Mrs. G. B. Cable, the first of the week.

J. Palmer celebrated his 80th birthday last Thursday, and Charles Darby his 73rd birthday on Friday.

The ladies of the Angola cemetery society met Tuesday with Mrs. G. B. Cable. The next meeting will be with Mrs. Ben Hamlin.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Hendricks, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Hamlin, Miss Mabel Hamlin and Miss Ethel Collins visited Zion City Sunday.

A. K. Bain, H. Sherwood, W. Watson, H. Potter and J. Atwell have gravel on hand ready to start their cement sidewalks. Let the good work go on.

Mrs. John Palmer returned last Wednesday from a two weeks' visit with her sons and daughters in Evanston. Mrs. Charles Palmer returned with her for a visit.

Mrs. L. C. Manzer has been spending some time at the bedside of her mother, Mrs. Rich who has been very sick and died. Funeral was held Monday from her home.

The ladies of the Angola Cemetery Society will hold a peach social at the home of C. B. Hamlin Tuesday evening, Sept. 23rd. Peaches and cream with cake will be served for 15c. Come. A patch-work quilt, made by the society, will be disposed of that evening. A good social time will be had.

Two horses and buggies were found hitched in Frank Hucker's lane early last Friday morning, in a condition which plainly showed that they had been driven a long distance. The owner, a liveryman of Richmond, came after and identified the horses the next day. It seems that a safe had been broken into at that place and the thieves probably took the horses.

### MILBURN, ILL.

The cider mill is doing a rushing business.

It is said we are to have a long distance telephone here this week.

There are a few boarders left which the cold weather does not effect.

Miss Carrie Bator has been visiting friends in Kenosha the past week.

Rev. and Mrs. Geo. A. Mitchell left Saturday for Chicago, their future home.

Mrs. Jennie Stewart returned Wednesday after a six weeks visit in Iowa and Kansas.

Mr. George Strang, of Marshfield, Wis., visited his mother, Mrs. Geo. Strang, last week.

Richard Griggs, of Baraboo, Wis., was the guest of Wm. B. Stewart Saturday and Sunday.

John M. Strang, E. A. Martin and Dr. Homer E. Jamison were Chicago visitors last week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Cummings returned Saturday morning from a weeks visit in Milwaukee.

E. A. Martin, Ralph Spafford and Alfred Spafford chaperoned a party to Downsville Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Dr. Tambaugh and Roy Tambaugh of Waukegan, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Pantall on Friday.

The fire at Wadsworth Saturday morning partly destroyed the warehouse of Mr. James Pollock of this village.

Rev. Mr. Wade, of Amboy, Ill., occupied the pulpit of the Congregational church Sunday morning and evening.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. Robert L. Strang and Mrs. Dr. Jamison took in the Wisconsin state fair at Milwaukee, Thursday and Friday.

There were several parties from the big department stores in Chicago here last week trying to rent the big store of Wm. McCann at Loon Lake, but up to date it has not been deciphered which one is to have it.



## Business and Pleasure

When you buy a pair of glasses at my place you buy them at the lowest price—that is business. After you have bought them at my place you will find pleasure in wearing them. I examine eyes, fit glasses and fill all prescriptions in a scientific manner. I do my own work and warrant it.

DR. C. H. BARBER, O. D.  
Antioch, Illinois.

\$23.30 Chicago to New York and Return.

via Nickel Plate Road, on October 3, 4, 5 and 6, with return limit leaving New York October 14th, 1902. Three trains daily, at convenient hours. Vestibuled sleeping cars. American Club meals, ranging in price from 35c to \$1.00, served in dining cars, on Nickel Plate Road; also meals a la carte. Chicago depot, Harrison St. and 5th Ave. City ticket office 111 Adams St., Phone Central 2047. Write John Y. Calahan, General Agent, 113 Adams St., Chicago, for particulars. 2w4

**Reunion of Alden Family.**  
At the reunion of the descendants of John and Priscilla Alden, held at Ross Park, near Binghamton, N. Y., last week, there was present a representative of the sixth generation from John Alden, who was born in the town of Windsor, Broome county, on March 28, 1815. The oldest living descendant is Timothy P. Alden of Binghamton and the youngest Florence Alden, 20 months old. Members of the family attended the reunion from all parts of the country.

**Special Round-trip Excursion Rates to New York.**

via Nickel Plate Road. Tickets on sale October 3rd to 6th inclusive, good leaving New York not later than October 14th. Address John Y. Calahan, General Agent, 113 Adams St., Chicago, for reservation or sleeping car space and other information. 2w4

**When Babies Walk.**  
Experiments upon 1,220 children show that 95 per cent began to walk under the age of twenty-four months; a little over half under eighteen months; one-third under twelve months; 14 per cent under ten months. Three babies out of the whole number began to walk under eight months.

**ARE YOU SATISFIED?**

To drag through life in an inferior capacity and achieve but one-tenth the success you should? Develop your latent powers by a thorough practical business education, and then take your rightful place in the world. We have helped thousands to success. We can help you. Fine opportunities await you. Get ready and be ready when your opportunity comes. Our Prospectus tells all about it. Write for it today.

**Metropolitan Business College**  
Powers Building  
7 Monroe St., Chicago

## A Bad Breath

A bad breath means a bad stomach, a bad digestion, a bad liver. Ayer's Pills are liver pills. They cure constipation, biliousness, dyspepsia, sick headache.

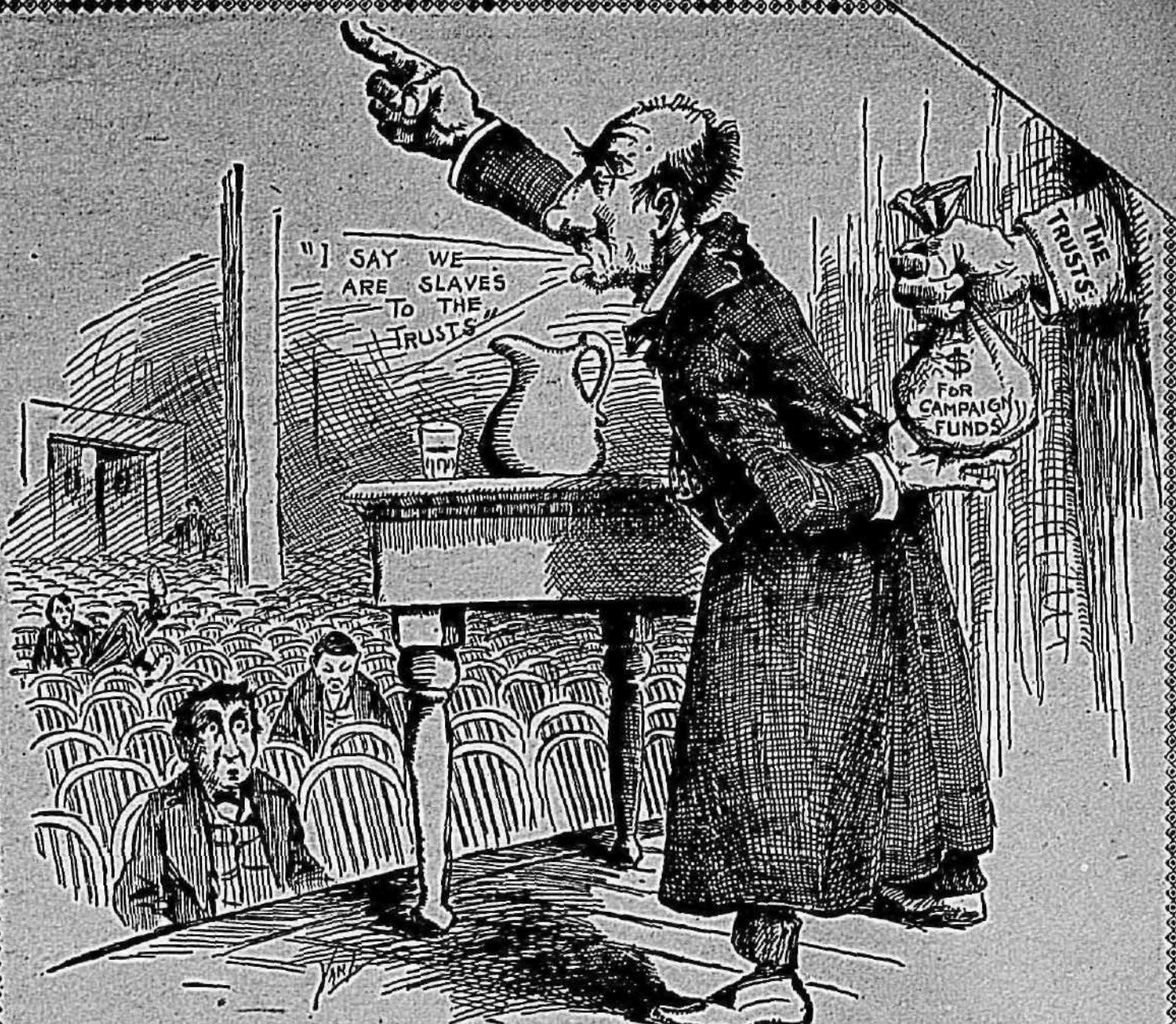
25c. All druggists.

Want your mustache or beard a beautiful brown or black? Then use **BUCKINGHAM'S DYE FOR THE WHISKERS**. 50 Cts. of Dye, or 25 Cts. of Dye and 25 Cts. of Hair Oil. Sold by all druggists.

## The College of Commerce is now in its Tenth Year

Its students have been unusually successful. Business, Shorthand, and English Courses. Send for catalogue.

OTIS L. TRENNY, Prin.,  
Kenosha, Wis.



## DEMOCRATIC PREACHING AND PRACTICE.

Chairman Griggs has returned to Washington from New York with money to start the Democratic campaign in good style. Griggs says he is getting money from Republicans out of sympathy with Roosevelt. Congressman Pou (Democrat) adds that these Republicans are trust magnates.—Washington Dispatch. (From Chicago Inter Ocean.)

**Truth Briefly Stated.**  
"The protective tariff is not the mother of trusts, though it is the parent of conditions that make it profitable for capital to combine and conspire for labor to organize."

This sentence, which occurred in an address delivered recently by Mr. Shaw, the secretary of the treasury, deserves to be noted by thoughtful citizens. It states in few words, the truth about a condition that has been subjected to no end of misrepresentation by some of the opponents of the Republican party and its policy of protection for American industries.

Through the operation of that policy there has been produced a condition of extraordinary industrial activity, of which the combination of plants engaged in the same line of manufacture under one management, to the end that economies might be effected and the supplying of the constantly increasing demand for American manufactures, at home and abroad, be facilitated, was a natural outgrowth. Without the tariff policy, there would be no great industrial combinations in this country, but that would be because there would be no great industries to combine. The protective tariff has caused phenomenal industrial development in the United States; the combination of industries is a natural consequence thereof. They that seek to kill the combinations by abolishing the tariff seek to kill American industry, ignorantly perhaps, but none the less surely.

And, as Mr. Shaw says, it is this same gratifying condition of industrial activity that has made it congenial for labor to organize. He might have said with truth, that in this condition which has made it possible for American labor to organize as it is organized, if the protective tariff were removed, and all the products of the American workmen's toil were consequently brought into competition with the products of cheap foreign labor, of what avail would the labor organizations and how could they be able to maintain themselves?

Through His Gloomy Goggles.  
Mr. Bryan has again put on his gloomy goggles and dropped into prophecy. From this prosperous, happy land goes his wailing cry: "Like Babylon of old, the United States is destined to have its fall, with the Republican party in the role of Belshazzar."

The Albany (N. Y.) Journal calls attention to the fact that "this is not Mr. Bryan's first attempt at forecasting history. He tried it extensively in 1896. The evils that would befall this nation if he should not be elected were many. But they haven't materialized. Mr. Bryan, therefore, has his reputation as a prophet still to get."

It must be painful to Mr. Bryan's friends to learn that he is giving vent to insinuations about impending calamity, for melancholia manifests itself in that way.

Mr. Bryan should either devote a little less time to the pages of very ancient history and study the conditions that surround him, or else he should study ancient history thoroughly, so that he might learn, for instance, that his comparison between the United States and Babylon is even more absurd than that other comparison which he attempted, between Abolomon and the young men of the present in the United States.

**A Contrast.**  
Some unidentified exchange makes the following comparison between the Democratic platform and the Republican platform. It affords food for reflection on the part of thinking people:

"The one is a heartrending cry of bitterness and a wall of despair; the other is a joyous shout of triumph and an anthem of hope. The one deprecates; the other congratulates. The one denounces; the other extols. The one condemns; the other approves. The one views with alarm; the other points with pride. The one is an echo from the cave of gloom; the other is a reverberation from the sunlit hills."

"The one approaches the issues of the hour with trepidation; the other reaffirms its faith in well defined principles. The one is ashamed of the policy of the government at home and abroad; the other is proud of it."

"The one casts slurs upon the American soldier in the field; the other appeals to the American people to resent 'the wholesale attacks of the Democratic party upon our soldiers and sailors, which are made for political purposes now as they were after Appomattox; and which seek to tarnish the fame of the army which is now the common heritage and possession of the American people.'"

"The one would put a curb to the commercial expansion of the nation; the other believes it to be the duty of wisdom to let well enough alone. The one shrinks the trust issue; the other heartily approves the action of the president of the United States, through his attorney general, in instituting proceedings to check the growth of unlawful combinations intended to raise the prices of commodities at the expense of the consumer."

"The one avoids the immigration question; the other places itself on record as favoring the passage of wise immigration laws to the end that anarchy may be forever driven from this country, and the American workman shall be protected against unfair labor from abroad."

**Let Well Enough Alone.**  
The Dwight Star and Herald has found a farmer living near that town who used to be a Democrat, but who has been voting the Republican ticket for the last two general elections. Asked if he had lost faith in the Republican party through any of the different arguments presented by the Democrats, he answered, "No, I haven't heard any real good argument to place in power again a party which never did anything but stop business. It's business we want, so we can get fair prices for what we have to sell, and we know now that we get fair prices, we have to pay fair prices, but then we can economize now, and with all it is much better to have the money to buy a \$15 suit of clothes than not to have the money to buy it for \$10. No, I don't pay any attention to the 'water cure' in the Philippines or any other of the numerous scarecrows held up to influence the voter. We have to expect things to happen at all times which all of us may not think right, such as strikes, so-called trusts, etc., but as a general proposition for business the Republican idea is all right and the party has proven it, and myself, and a lot more old-time Democrats I know of, are not going to vote to make any change."

Mr. Bryan is much distressed because Republicans are feeling good and decline to see the story of the Democratic party through any of the different arguments presented by the Democrats. Mr. Bryan evidently belongs to that unhappy class of people who insist upon borrowing trouble when they haven't enough of their own to keep them busy.—Paris Beacon.

With the distressing results of two Democratic administrations still fresh in the minds of the voters and with time proving that Democracy was wrong in both 1890 and 1900, it is no wonder that the people don't put much faith in Democratic predictions or Democratic politics now.—Nashville Journal.

**No Poor Man's Party.**  
It is sometimes asserted by those desirous of establishing class distinction in this country that the Republican is the rich man's party and the Democratic that of the poor man. Let the sayings in the banks alone be taken to disprove this theory. There are now 1,007 of these institutions, having a total deposits of 6,358,723, their deposits amounting to \$2,507,004,530, the average due each depositor being \$208.50, certainly these depositors are not all Republicans or all Democrats. But this is not all. The census of wealth and taxable property for 1900 is not yet complete, but by the census of 1890 the valuation of all tangible property in the United States, exclusive of Alaska, was as follows:

Classification.	Value.	Percent of total.
Real estate, with improvements thereon.....	\$3,544,514,331	60.80
Live stock on farms, fur and implements and machinery.....	2,703,016,040	41.16
Mines and quarries, including product on hand.....	1,291,201,571	1.93
Gold and silver coin and bullion.....	1,158,744,545	1.73
Machinery, of mills and product on hand, raw and manufactured.....	3,053,573,411	4.70
Railroads and equipments, including \$88,450,000 for street railroads.....	3,855,407,323	13.31
Telegraphs, telephone, shipping, canals and equipment.....	701,757,712	1.03
Miscellaneous.....	7,605,708,811	12.14
<b>Totals.....</b>	<b>\$5,687,611,107</b>	<b>100.00</b>

But the subject is not exhausted. In 1890 there were 12,000,000 families in the United States, of whom 4,000,000 owned their homes. Were these all Republicans?

There is no need of pursuing the subject further, and there is no rich man's party in the United States.

**The Apathy of the People.**  
"The people of this country are too busy to be stirred up much about the tariff," says Congressman Cannon, of Illinois. He does not believe any considerable per cent of them, either Republicans or Democrats, desire a change. Certainly the business men do not, for their experience with the tariff "reform" has been painful and costly. And the farmers are not clamoring for a change. They never were more prosperous. The workmen have nothing to gain by a move that imperils wages. The men and capital on our sea and inland commerce have no motive for tariff agitation. Seeking for the citizens who are really solicitous about the tariff, we find the class comprises politicians and newspapers largely Democratic, with a sprinkling of Republicans, who also will usually be found to have political and personal motives back of their championing of reform.

It does not follow that the American people, as a whole, are opposed to tariff change. When the tariff is put upon a business basis, freed from partisanship, the public favors changes in schedules from time to time in consonance with changed and changing conditions; but it does not care for change merely for the sake of change. And when the demand comes, not only at an inopportune time, but under the implication, if not the broad assertion, that "the tariff fosters trusts," Republican protectionists and the business world, as well as the farmer and the artisan, recognize the insidious hypocrisy of a movement claiming to be economic in origin and purpose when it is merely personal ambition, partisan in motive.

**Pleanty of Work.**  
Some Democratic organs think they have an unanswerable argument when they demand of their political opponents, why there are so many strikes in these prosperous Republican times? The Kennebec Journal of Augusta, Me., answers that it is because the workmen want a greater share of the prevailing prosperity, and calls the attention of the Democratic advocates to the fact that while there have been numerous strikes for higher pay in the past ten years, there have been none against a reduction of wages, as were common in Democratic times. Then men were idle because they could get no work. Now when they are idle it is because they are "prosperous enough to take a vacation or support a strike." The point is well taken. There is plenty to do in a walk of life or another, and no good man who wants work need be without.



# The Antioch News.

A. B. JOHNSON, Publisher.

## ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS. EVENTS OF THE WEEK

Two young men, L. W. Brusk and Joseph Kierack, of Posen, Mich., were found dead on the floor of a room in the Newman House at Ann Arbor. It is supposed that they got up in the night for some purpose and turned on the gas, thinking this would produce light.

W. J. Whitehouse, the Quay leader of Schuykill County, Pa., has discovered a vein of coal in his back yard at Pottsville. The find was made accidentally while a hole was being made in which to bury a dead chicken. Mr. Whitehouse has already taken out about fifteen tons.

Charles Murray, a teamster, who drives a freight wagon for the Ursula Major Supply Company at Iowa Hill, Cal., was held up by two masked men on the road between Colfax and Iowa Hill and robbed of \$1,900, which was to have been used to pay off the employees at the Big Dipper mine.

In the Criminal Court at Carlisle, Pa., George Thompson, Gabriel Mellett, Joseph Mills and James Browling, Indian pupils at the government school, were arraigned charged with placing obstructions on the tracks of the Cumberland Valley Railroad near Carlisle. On account of their youth the court suspended sentence and reprimanded them.

The audience at one of the theaters at Malaga, Spain, was thrown into an uproar by a gendarme, who drew his revolver and fired indiscriminately. Seven persons were killed outright and nine were injured. The gendarme was shot by the police, as he refused to surrender. It is conservatively estimated that "Boss" A. I. Shepherd, whose death at his home in the mining camp of Batopilas, Mexico, occurred the other day, left a fortune of about \$50,000.

Following is the standing of the clubs of the National Baseball League:

W. T. W. L.	
Pittsburg	33 34 Chicago
Brooklyn	33 34 St. Louis
Brooklyn	33 34 St. Louis
Cincinnati	33 34 Philadelphia
Cincinnati	33 34 New York

The clubs of the American League stand as follows:

W. L.	
Philadelphia	74 50 Cleveland
St. Louis	70 54 Washington
Boston	69 55 Detroit
Chicago	68 55 Baltimore

While 1,000 persons were struggling to enter the new Sons of Zion synagogue in St. Paul to witness the dedication exercises the temporary steps leading to the entrance suddenly gave way and 500 persons fell in a heap. Men and women screamed and fought in a panic to get out of the mess, and it was only by prompt effort that fatalities were averted. The police platoon which led the procession to the church broke ranks and rushed into the crowd, preventing frantic men, women and children from crushing one another in the scramble. When quiet had been restored it was found, except for a few who were bruised and cut, no one had been seriously injured.

### BREVITIES.

Democrats of the Third Virginia District renominated John Lamb for Congress.

The Hubbard Fertilizing Company at Canton, Md., suffered a loss of \$100,000 by fire.

Fire at Sonora, Texas, destroyed a business block, with an estimated loss of \$100,000.

Lieut. Peary sends word from Labrador that he and party are safe and well and will return home soon.

Ex-Judge Horace Gray of the United States Supreme Court died at his residence in Nahant, Mass., of paralysis.

The National Firemen's Association closed its fifth annual convention at Detroit. All the old officers were re-elected.

Nicholas Fish, financier and brother of president of Illinois Central Railroad, was slain by an unknown man in a New York beer hall.

The safe in the postoffice at Ironville, Ohio, was blown open on a recent night. The robbers secured \$90 in money and a quantity of stamps.

Isaac Friend, aged 65, hanged himself in a barn six miles south of Peru, Ind., because he thought that relatives were not treating him right.

Gen. Carranza and a large rebel force are reported to have surrendered to Colombia government troops, insuring pacification of eastern region.

Gottlieb Niegendin, Pierce, Neb., killed his divorced wife and her father, Albert Breyer, seriously wounded Mrs. Breyer and attacked his sister-in-law.

John Lewis of the firm of Bly & Lewis of Mendota, Ill., and later of Chicago, committed suicide at Birmingham, N. Y., by drinking a bowl of Paris green.

Prince Ye, son of the King of Corea, has arrived at Delaware, Ohio, accompanied by his secretary, to attend Ohio Wesleyan University. The prince has a fair command of English.

Col. James B. Burbank of the artillery corps commanding the post of Fort Hancock, N. J., has been retired. Lieut. Col. S. M. Mills will become colonel and Maj. O. Chase lieutenant colonel.

Burglars blew the safe of the postoffice at Arcadia, Ind., and escaped with all the money and stamps in the place. The citizens were aroused by the explosion, but were not able to catch the robbers.

The McKinley National Memorial Association has received a check for \$15,000 from Thomas Dolan, who is looking after contributions from the eastern half of Pennsylvania. The donors, fifteen in number, are unnamed Philadelphians.

H. J. Kintzer, a Reading, Pa., policeman, was found guilty of involuntary manslaughter in causing the death of George Tipton, a negro. Kintzer arrested Tipton in the struggle the policeman's pistol was discharged, killing the negro.

The strike at the J. G. Brill car works, Philadelphia, Pa., has been declared off after thirteen weeks' duration. The men struck because twenty-two men had been discharged and the employees claimed the discharges were made because the men were unionists. The strike was declared off without any concessions.

### EASTERN.

Rear Admiral Bradford reported at Washington that he had found no reliable system of wireless telegraphy.

William F. Morrison, chaplain of the cruiser Olympia, committed suicide by shooting through the head at the naval hospital in Boston.

Maj. William D. Wilkins of Pittsburg was shot and almost instantly killed while trying to wrest a revolver from his wife, who was crazed from morphine.

George Huber, a New York manufacturer, shot and killed his wife on the street at Monterey, Mass., and attempted the life of her companion, a concert hall singer named Fearing.

Twelve cars loaded with freight and three tank cars containing gasoline burned on the Pennsylvania Railroad between Bagdad and Kiskimetus Junction, Pa. The total loss is estimated at \$30,000.

Rousesville, one of the oldest oil towns on Oil creek, Pa., was visited by a bad fire. Seven business blocks and two dwellings were destroyed. Loss \$50,000. It is believed the fire was of incendiary origin.

A title to the former residence of the late Rev. Dr. Witt Talmage in Washington was conveyed to his widow by a deed signed by the other beneficiaries under Dr. Talmage's will. The consideration named is \$10,007.

The large factory of the East Lake Woolen Mills Company at Bridgeton, N. J., of which J. Edward Addicks of Delaware is the head, was destroyed by fire, entailing a loss of \$100,000. Two hundred men and women are made idle.

Miss Edith Nagle, daughter of T. M. Nagle, an Erie, Pa., millionaire, made a desperate attempt to end her life by slashing her throat with a big carving knife. Of late she has been suffering from an indisposition which made her very melancholy.

The body of a young woman, who, it is believed, was murdered, was found on pier 30 East river, New York. She had been beaten and choked until her face was almost black. The police have found no clew to her identity or any trace of her murderer.

The torpedo destroyer boat Worden, which, with the Bainbridge, was given her standardization trial over the barren island course the other day, showed that she is the speediest vessel of her class afloat. During a spurt she developed a speed of 30.50 knots.

Captain W. A. Andrews, who twice crossed the Atlantic in a fifteen-foot cockleshell boat, is drowned at last, and his new-made bride went down with him. The Probate Court of Suffolk County, Massachusetts, has officially pronounced the indomitable captain dead.

George Lindhurst of Brooklyn, N. Y., died as the result of a bite by a fly. Lindhurst was bitten on the thumb of his right hand. Three days later swelling began and spread rapidly. The doctors declared the fly bite had caused blood poisoning which they could not check.

Judge Weiss at Harrisburg, Pa., decided the contest between Congressman Henry D. Green of Reading and Marcus C. L. Kline of Allentown, the rival Democratic nominees for Congress in the Thirteenth District, composed of Berks and Lehigh counties, in favor of Mr. Kline.

Col. John G. Garnett, one of the most prominent Southerners in New York, a West Point graduate, colonel of artillery under Gen. Robert E. Lee in the Confederate army and a native of Wakefield plantation, Virginia, was found dead in the Hotel in New York. He had committed suicide by taking carbolic acid.

Henry W. Grady, Jr., of Atlanta, Ga., has been found in City Hall Park, New York, in a dazed condition. He was unable to recognize friends or to give a coherent account of his actions. His friends and physicians state that acute suffering from hay fever affected his brain, causing temporary mental aberration.

### WESTERN.

Colorado Republicans nominated a ticket headed by James H. Peabody for Governor.

At Arcadia, Neb., burglars blew open the postoffice safe and secured \$200 and made their escape.

The Concatenated Order of Hoo Hoo, in session at Milwaukee, selected Buffalo as the next place of meeting.

Mrs. John Harper of Stamps, Ark., was murdered with an ax while she was asleep. The husband has disappeared.

Mrs. William M. Stewart, wife of Senator Stewart of Nevada, was killed at Alameda, Cal., in an automobile accident.

Swift & Co.'s teamsters in Chicago went out on strike. Alleged discrimination against union men caused the trouble.

David Auchard, who died in Helena, Mont., has left his immense estate to the Masonic fraternity to establish a Masonic Home.

Heavy frosts killing vegetables and injuring corn have been reported in Iowa, Wisconsin, Minnesota, Nebraska, Kansas and Indiana.

Four negro boys, arrested at Kansas City, have confessed to starting fourteen fires since last June from a desire to see the engines run.

Mrs. J. R. Wentz, wife of a merchant of Fremont, Ohio, committed suicide by cutting her throat with a razor. She had been ill in health.

Winfield Scott Stratton, the bonanza mining millionaire, died at Colorado Springs. Mr. Stratton had been seriously sick for several days.

Charles Francis Sidney Colomb embezzled \$5,000 from firm of Woolley & Co. of Chicago and was arrested at Buffalo and brought back.

James Kaye of Topeka, Kan., was sentenced to serve twenty-seven years in the State penitentiary for the murder of his wife. Kaye pleaded guilty.

Thirty lives lost, scores made homeless and more than \$1,000,000 in losses are reported as the result of mountain forest fires in Washington and Oregon.

"Forestry, Harmony and Colonization" is the slogan of the tenth National Irrigation Congress, which will be held at Colorado Springs, Colo., Oct. 6 to 9.

The steamer Spokane reached Port Townsend, Wash., with 138 passengers from the steamer Cottage City, which recently ran ashore in Alaskan waters.

The first snowstorm of the season set in the other day at Lead, S. D. The snow melted as it fell, but at Bald mountain and other points north the ground was white.

The jury in the case of A. J. Belding,

charged with killing three persons in Portland, Ore., two months ago, rendered a verdict of guilty of murder in the first degree.

J. H. Andrew, cashier of the Helena, Mont., Water Works Company, has been arrested on a charge of embezzlement. His alleged shortage is said to amount to \$18,000.

Striking Swift & Co. teamsters, Chicago, won demand for recognition of their union and resumed work; National Biscuit Company restored old wages of striking bakery teamsters.

The depository of the National Educational Association is shortly to be removed from Washington, D. C., to Winona, Minn. It contains 12,000 bound volumes and 3,000 pamphlets.

Two interurban trolley cars crashed into each other and were telescoped on the Dayton, Springfield and Urbana line. Conductor Southern of the front car was probably fatally injured.

The anniversary of William McKinley's death was observed by services throughout the United States; many flowers were placed on Canton tomb; Judge Day delivered an address in Canton church.

Fire at Prentiss, Wis., burned one whole block and part of another. The total loss is \$50,000, partly insured. The fire originated in the Columbia Hotel and was caused by a lamp's tipping over.

Jesse Johnson, a negro, was hanged at New London, Mo. On the scaffold Johnson made a speech in which he confessed his crime and said that as he had joined the church he was the happiest man on earth.

The plant of the Fredericksburg Brewing Company was destroyed by fire at San Jose, Cal. The loss is estimated at \$300,000. The entire malting department, a seven-story building 200 feet square, was burned.

The fifty-second anniversary of the admission of California into the Union was celebrated by the Native Sons of the Golden West at Santa Rosa, where the festivities attracted visitors from all parts of the State.

George W. Shoemaker, for eight years postmaster at Albany, Mo., a lawyer and a politician of State prominence, was sentenced to prison for ten years at Albany on a charge of defrauding the county on school fund loans.

At Topeka, Kan., County Attorney Nichols caused the arrest of Charles Bradshaw, an attendant at the Bedford private asylum, on the charge of beating Jacob Rhyner, aged 93, a patient, so seriously that he cannot live.

Nelson Hutchinson, proprietor of a sawmill, and Hartford Spicer were killed by the explosion of the boiler at a sawmill on a farm near Martinsburg, Ohio. Hutchinson was blown to pieces and Spicer was scalded to death.

Because her husband failed to give her \$25 he had promised her for a new dress, Mrs. Louis Dahlstrom of Minneapolis swallowed a quantity of carbolic acid. Physicians were called, but their efforts were unavailing, and in three hours she was dead.

James McGinn, the husband of the woman whose dead body was found in a pasture field at Hubbard, Ohio, was captured in Newcastle, and has confessed the crime. McGinn said he was insanely jealous of his wife, and every time he got drunk determined to put her out of the way.

Plans are being prepared and estimates made by the American Shipbuilding Company of Cleveland for the construction of the largest ship on the great lakes. The new steamer will be a coarse freight carrier, and is to be 550 feet long, 60 feet beam and 32 feet deep. It will cost \$225,000.

Burglars robbed the postoffice at Miami, Mo., of \$500 in money and stamps. They also entered the Miami Savings Bank and smashed the door of the vault, but were unable to open the safe. All the private boxes in the vault were robbed, however, but the extent of the loss is unknown.

Forest fires in the mountains near Tillamook, Ore., have been laying waste millions of feet of valuable timber. A fire burned fiercely on the Wilson river eight miles from there, where the new fish hatchery is being put in. So fierce did the fire become that people living in the vicinity fled to the city for safety.

William S. Barnum Eaton, a young society man of Duluth, recently made a millionnaire by the decision of the Supreme Court giving him and his associates title to valuable mineral property, as against the Rockefeller, went to St. Paul the other day with Miss Anna Limbeck, a school teacher of the Zenith city, and they were married.

Efforts to combine all the paper mills in Michigan, Wisconsin and Minnesota under the name of the American Consolidated Paper Company have been broken by Dwyer & Yerkes, Chicago brokers. It is reported to capitalize the trust at \$90,000,000 to pay full value in cash for all the plants and water power rights, instead of giving stock in the corporation as part payment.

The main building of the Ottawa, Kan., University, the pride of the Baptist denomination in the West, and its contents were destroyed by fire. The building had just been completed, after twelve years in construction, at a total cost of \$50,000. The total insurance is \$20,000. The college library, consisting of 4,000 volumes, was also destroyed. The origin of the fire is a mystery.

### SOUTHERN.

Fire in the Texas oil fields has been brought under control and the total loss is estimated at \$200,000.

A fire in the Stonevale Cotton mills at Stonevale, Miss., destroyed the spinning and card rooms of mill No. 1. Loss \$125,000, covered by insurance.

At Richmond, Va., former Alderman John M. King was found guilty of accepting a bribe and sentenced to twelve months in jail and to pay a fine of \$100.

Waste along the Texas and Sabine Railroad started a blaze in the Beaumont, Texas, oil field. The flames were soon beyond control and several oil tanks exploded.

Raymond Gray, once a prominent attorney of Covington, Ky., was taken to a hospital the other day dying from self-inflicted wounds with a small penknife. Cocaine is said to be the cause of his act.

Mistaking his brother, John Kendrick, for a burglar, Sam Kendrickwood shot and killed him at Ironwood, Va. There is a rumor that the brothers quarreled, but the slayer declares the killing was accidental.

The cases of W. S. Taylor, Charles Finley and others charged with conspir-

acy in the Goebel murder were called in the Circuit Court at Franklin, Ky. The usual order of continuance pending arrest of parties was entered.

Burglars were surprised by officers while trying to break open the safe in the Panhandle passenger office at Wheeling, W. Va. A battle ensued and one of the burglars, who gave his name as John Doe, was fatally wounded and died soon after. His partner, Philip Martin, was captured.

Boisy Bryant was hanged at Nashville, Ga., for the murder of Town Marshal Hynds. Mrs. Elita Hynds Parker, daughter of the murdered officer, watched the execution from the scaffold, and as soon as Bryant was pronounced dead Mrs. Parker, with her father's knife, cut down the body of the murderer.

### FOREIGN.

An Italian engineer submitted a plan to Rome authorities for electrical delivery of mails at the rate of 248 miles an hour.

William Waldorf Astor's daughter Gwendoline died of consumption at Olveden, England. Her body will be taken to New York for burial.

The Bank of France was robbed of \$44,000 in gold. The robbery was committed in the daytime evidently by some one having access to the cash vault.

The American battleship Iowa ran aground near Cape Mossa, Senhori, Brazil. The Iowa had finished target practice and was returning to Friars Island.

The Boer generals failed to induce Chamberlain to discuss proposals at recent conference in London which were rejected during the peace negotiations at Vereeniging.

The German Emperor, in addressing the departing American generals, said that all Americans he admires President Roosevelt, Seth Low and Ambassador White most.

The London Evening News says a syndicate with a capital of \$50,000,000 is being organized by the "coal combine," which proposes to purchase the Elft and Olyde companies' mines.

For some time past there has been a great increase in the number of Mormon missionaries in both Germany and Switzerland. Germany has nearly 2,000 such missionaries, while there are several hundred in Switzerland.

Japanese papers contain telegrams stating that 5,000 persons lost their lives by the overflowing of the West river in China. There was also heavy loss of property and life in Formosa by floods, followed by a tidal wave.

Russia has thrown down the gauntlet to England. The Czar has ordered the expulsion from Manchuria of the British customs and postal officials employed by the Chinese government. This is the specific feature of a command sent to the Russian military governor of Manchuria through Paul Lessar, the Russian minister at Peking.

Nine thousand dead bodies, of these 4,000 bodies recovered and other thousands swept away by the waters of the Batang Lupan river, tells the awful disaster that has overtaken the military forces of Borneo, as reported by advices from Honolulu. Through the ravages of cholera an entire military corps of natives, sent to punish the notorious head-hunters of Borneo, was wiped out of existence.

### IN GENERAL.

Orders have been issued by the Navy Department assigning Captain Eugene H. O. Leutze to command the new battleship Maine.

Alexander B. Shepherd, former Governor of District of Columbia, who did much to beautify and remodel Washington, died in Mexico.

The State Department has been officially informed that the government of Hayti has declared certain Haytian ports closed to commerce.

At the convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen Grand Master F. P. Sargent's resignation as grand master was read and accepted.

Dun & Co.'s review declared industrial activity increasing in spite of transportation blockades; foodstuffs declined 3.5 per cent during August; railroad earnings gained 4.2 per cent over 1901.

The battleship Wisconsin has been ordered to Panama to prevent bombardment by revolutionists, and cruiser Cincinnati to Colon on similar errand; Pancho ordered to Colon with 880 marines.

Hugh C. Wallace, son-in-law of Chief Justice Fuller of the United States Supreme Court, denies that the chief justice contemplates resigning next winter, when he reaches his seventieth birthday.

Certain defects in the Panama Canal Company's title to Colombian concessions have been brought to light which render the conclusion of the sale of the company's rights and property to the United States doubtful.

The steamer Stevens of Buffalo, bound from Duluth to Buffalo with copper and flour, burned to the water's edge off Clear Creek, Ont. A heavy sea was running and the crew had great difficulty in reaching shore.

The Cuban House passed the \$35,000,000 loan bill 48 to 2; bonds to be issued at 90, with 5 per cent maximum interest. Agricultural industry to get \$4,000,000 loan; balance will pay army and constitutional obligations.

The long-expected merger of the great meat-packing interests of the United States will go into active and open operation Sept. 27, unless there should be an entirely unlooked for change in the plans agreed upon by all those concerned in the deal.

Passengers on the last trip of the steamer Tertha from Alaska say the volcano Redoubt, Iliamna and Augustine are in active eruption. Great volumes of steam issue from all three and Redoubt is throwing clouds of smoke miles high.

The steamer Humboldt passengers report earthquake shocks occurring in Alaska along the coast between Mule and Yakutat. At Dundas the shock broke the window glass, caused the collapse of an unfinished building of a salmon cannery and scared many Chinese fishermen.

The justices of the Supreme Court upheld the constitutionality of the primary election law. The question came up from Mower County, an order being sought to compel the auditor of that county to provide blank spaces on the primary election ballots.

The Supreme Court refused to grant an order to correct the ballot in the manner desired. The court also held the law in this respect to be constitutional.

# BANDITS IN OFFICE.

## FATTENED ON ST. LOUIS MUNICIPAL CORRUPTION.

"Combine" of 10 Members Who, According to the Confession of One of Their Number, Made Upwards of \$125,000 by Their Votes.

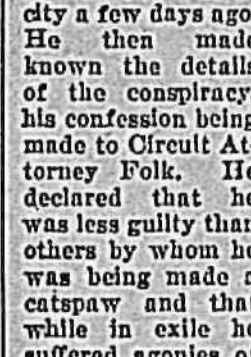
The exposures made by John K. Murrell, former Speaker of the St. Louis House of Delegates, in his recent confession, have been the subject of much comment. For years that community has been the victim of a corrupt gang of office holding bandits as ever contributed to the infamy of Tammany Hall or fattened financially at the expense of Philadelphia. Murrell asserts that there was a combination indicate that



J. K. MURRELL.

nation in the House of Delegates whose purpose was to control legislation and sell votes for the benefit of the members. This, he says, they did, their profits at the expense of the people amounting to more than \$125,000. All their acts have not been made public, but from what is known it is safe to predict that prison gates will swing open soon for men who have long been influential in St. Louis politics and who are willing to part with honor in return for riches. Nineteen men are included in the gang of corruptionists, most of whom have been arrested, and some permitted to go on heavy bail being furnished. The trial of the cases will be extremely sensational.

The first known of the banding, the whole truth of which is now out was last December, when the grand jury found indictments against certain persons for bribery in connection with the granting of street railroad franchises. Murrell was one of these, and to escape arrest, he fled to Mexico. The officials and the newspapers kept up a still hunt and Murrell was forced to return to the city a few days ago.



ATTORNEY FOLK.

He then made known the details of the conspiracy, his confession being made to Circuit Attorney Folk. He declared that the "coal combine" was less gully than others by whom he was being made a cat's paw and that while in exile he suffered agonies of mind which he could no longer endure. He was, so he declares, one of the members of a "combine" composed of nineteen men who belonged to the House of Delegates. This "combine" held frequent meetings in the room adjoining the House of Delegates chamber, and there most of their schemes to get money for votes were concocted.

One of the schemes was to make a deal with the Suburban railway. This company wanted a franchise and Murrell was selected, according to his confession, to negotiate with Philip Stock, the representative of the Railway Company, as to the best price the combine could get for its votes. Finally, he says, an agreement was reached and \$75,000 was deposited in the box of the Lincoln Trust Company and the key was placed in Murrell's hands. The money, he confessed, was to be divided when the bill passed and was signed by the Mayor. The subsequent operations in connection with this deal are not made public, except that the speaker was granted.

Ex-Speaker of the House of Delegates William M. Tamm, who has been in Cleveland since Circuit Attorney Folk began his crusade, has returned, under arrest, to St. Louis. Before being placed in a cell Tamm asked to see Mr. Folk. His intention was to tell all he knew about the doings of the combine in the House of Delegates, but he finally decided not to say anything at this time, but the circuit attorney told Tamm that if he desired to make any statement about matters that were being investigated, he must do so voluntarily without hope of clemency. Mr. Folk said that he had all the evidence he needed to convict the members of the house combine.

Circuit Attorney Folk said that almost every one of the indicted members of the House of Delegates combine had offered to turn State's evidence, but he declined to accept more than two or three with a promise of clemency.

### ODD FELLOWS IN SESSION.

Sovereign Grand Lodge Meets at Des Moines, Iowa.

With special trains arriving from all parts of the country and the attendance having already reached 30,000, the seventy-eighth annual session of the sovereign grand lodge of Odd Fellows was formally welcomed to Des Moines Monday morning by Gov. A. B. Cummins and Mayor Branton in a public session in the new auditorium. Addresses were made by M. Newman of Des Moines, grand master of Iowa; J. C. Millman of Woodbine, grand patriarch; Miss Ida Van Horn, president of the Iowa Rebekah assembly, and Maj. Gen. M. A. Raney, Iowa department commander of the Patriarchs Militant. The response was made by A. O. Cable of Covington, Ohio, grand sire.

Upon the conclusion of the welcoming exercises the sovereign grand lodge was formally called to order. The report of the grand sire, which was submitted, indicated that there were 127 grand lodges established, of which six were in foreign countries. The total number of subordinate lodges is 12,702 and subordinate encampments 2,780. The entire membership of the order reaches 1,002,272. During the year there were 90,893 initiations in the subordinate lodges and including those initiated in other branches the total reached 185,845.

The amount of relief disbursed was \$9,788,008, an increase of \$203,003.08. The financial statement shows: Treasuries from all branches, \$10,820,070.00; increase \$99,025.10; expenses, \$9,500,105.51; increase \$49,953.03; surplus revenues, \$2,050,775.55; invested funds, \$2,052,700.38; increase \$1,300,070.23.

The report says that since 1830 there have been 2,544,120 members initiated into the subordinate lodge, 2,505,007 members relieved, 250,000 widowed families relieved, 252,854 members died. Total relief, \$102,035,214.47; total revenue, \$240,480,422.21.

# COMMERCIAL FINANCIAL

New York.

"Steady progress is reported in trade and industry. Distribution of merchandise is heavy and a healthy tone is evident. Prices are well maintained by liberal consumption, which more than neutralizes the effect of enlarged facilities for production. Domestic conditions continue much better than those existing abroad and home trade received more attention than foreign commerce. Farm products have appreciated in value owing to less favorable weather and producers will be fully compensated for any decrease in quantity by the higher quotations. Earnings of railways during August were 8.9 per cent larger than a year ago and 18.9 per cent in excess of 1900."

B. G. Dunn & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade makes the foregoing resume of the industrial situation. Continuing, it says: "Advancing raw material aroused much anxiety among purchasers of cotton goods and there were numerous inquiries for forward contracts, but the volume of business was not materially increased. Quotations of footwear are fully maintained at the recent advance. It is noteworthy that buying has been heavier in the finer grades and sample lines of spring styles are also most sought in the good quality. A good feature in the agency for the shoe industry, indicating that stocks are low, is the heavy selling at the recent advance in quotations, but hides appear to have risen above the views of tanners, resulting in a quiet market.

Agricultural conditions are less satisfactory, and if the official estimate as to cotton is not exaggerated the yield will not be large enough to sustain consumption at the present rate. Wheat is coming forward freely, though receipts do not equal the abnormally heavy movement a year ago. Corn developments are because of fears that injury would be done by frost, and the movement is very slow compared with last year's figures.

Chicago. The Northwest has had another week of unseasonable weather. In spite of this, however, trade is reported good, and collections easy. The unfavorable feature is the continued light crop movement, Minneapolis reports being far behind last year in the matter of wheat receipts. The grain will begin coming in quantity eventually but every succeeding day of bad weather delays the movement still further. Something of a scare was worked up in a small way by low temperatures over the Northwest and the possibility of damage to wheat in the extreme Northwest, and to the late fax still in some degree immature.

To what extent stock market advances already made have discounted the future is problematical. Certainly it is a reasonable assumption that if the western railroads dependent largely upon corn, or the tonnage derived indirectly from corn, were able to hold up earnings last year, and even make increases, they should do wonderfully well this year, when, as an illustration, the present condition of corn in Missouri is 108, while last year at this time it was 20 on a much smaller acreage.

More Scotch iron was brought over last week for use in Chicago. A little unfavorable comment



## HONOR TO M'KINLEY.

### NATION PAYS TRIBUTE TO MARTYR PRESIDENT.

Sorrow and Reverence Mark the Many Fervid Eulogiums Spoken—Patriotism, Wisdom and Domestic Virtues of the Slain Executive Extolled.

From William McKinley's honored life and tragic death there were drawn Sunday lessons for the proper guidance of old age and youth. In hundreds of churches throughout the land, as a sad memorial of an event made memorable by the bullet of an assassin, services were held commemorating the martyr President, and hundreds of voices chanted the anthems that he whispered with his dying breath, "Nearer, My God, to Thee," and "Lead, Kindly Light." Children, whose lisping tongues scarce framed the words, men and women, preachers and laymen, the laborer and the man of public life, all intoned the sweet words of comfort, and, as they sang, the tears came to their eyes, and they lived again the anxious hours that followed upon the first word of the President's being struck down.

There were, no doubt, among the many audiences, large numbers who had not been inside a place of worship since the first meetings of mourning were held twelve months past, when all that was mortal of the loved executive was laid to rest in the granite stone receiving vault in the picturesque cemetery at Canton, O.

The first anniversary of the death of William McKinley was observed at Canton with special services in the churches and the laying of hundreds of floral tributes at the tomb of the late President. William R. Day, ex-Secretary of State during McKinley's first term, and a lifelong friend of the dead President, before a congregation in the First Methodist Episcopal Church, of which President McKinley was an active member, delivered an address glorifying the life and services of the late President. The program, which was simple, consisted of introductory services by the pastor, the Rev. Oliver Wendell Holmes, and the singing of the favorite hymns of the late President, after which Judge Day delivered the principal address. Special memorial services were held in all churches of the city, a special mass being said in the Catholic churches, the priests, who had known McKinley personally, paying tribute to his memory during the exercises.

Mrs. McKinley, accompanied by Mrs. Garrett A. Hobart, widow of the late Vice President Hobart, and her son, Garrett A., visited the tomb of McKinley at West Lawn cemetery and placed fresh flowers and a wreath on the casket. Many other flowers and wreaths were sent to the cemetery, and a greatly increased number of visitors went out to visit the tomb.

At Buffalo the anniversary of the death of William McKinley was universally observed. The pastors in all the churches paid tribute to the memory of the late President. In the afternoon a public meeting was held in the city convention hall. The auditorium was crowded and hundreds were turned away. Mayor Erasmus C. Knight presided and delivered an address. Addresses were made by the Rev. E. C. Locke, Tracy O. Becker and Anselm J. Smith. "Nearer, My God, to Thee" and "Lead, Kindly Light" were sung by the audience and the services ended with Mendelssohn's funeral march by the orchestra. Monday memorial services were held in all the public schools.

#### Mourning at the Capital.

Appropriate services commemorating the first anniversary of President McKinley's death were held in all the Washington churches, and large congregations were in attendance at the Metropolitan

## IN MEMORIAM.



Chicago thronged scores of churches in which anniversary memorial services were held. At the First Methodist Church were union services. One of the most notable features was the address there by Rev. Mr. Millura, brother of John G. Millura, at whose house in Buffalo President McKinley was a guest when he was shot and where he passed away. In the First Methodist Church every seat was occupied and all the aisles were filled. Rev. J. P. Brushingham, the pastor of the church, had charge of the services, "Nearer, My God, to Thee," was the first hymn. Dr. S. U. Upham of Madison, N. J., led in prayer. As he prayed for the sorrowing widow at Canton, awaiting the close of her lonely life, hundreds of eyes were filled with tears. Carl Young and Miss Nellie Brushingham sang "Lead, Kindly Light," one of President McKinley's favorite hymns. As the first words, "Lead, kindly light, amid the encircling doom," reached the audience many put handkerchiefs to their eyes. For a moment a year slipped from them. It was again the starlight night of a year before. They were standing before the bulletin board awaiting the last report. And so it was that it seemed that it was the dead President's voice which sang "The night is dark and I am far from home. Lead thou me on." Dr. W. A. Waterman, who was a member of President McKinley's regiment in the Civil War; Dr. William Lawrence and Bishop Fallows were among the prominent speakers. Never once was Osgood's name heard.

Pursuant to a proclamation issued by the Governor of Pennsylvania, the anniversary of the death of President McKinley was observed by special services in the churches of all denominations in the State. Many clergymen took for texts the life and death of the late President. "Nearer, My God, to Thee" and "Lead, Kindly Light," President McKinley's favorite hymns, were the principal features.

### FRANCIS KOSSUTH, SON OF THE HUNGARIAN PATRIOT.



Francis Kossuth, who came to Chicago to be present at the unveiling of the Kossuth monument, is the son of the great Hungarian patriot and revolutionist in whose honor the Chicago statue has been raised. The younger Kossuth has been deeply touched by the sympathy for his illustrious father that has always existed in America, and in a recent interview at Budapest he took occasion to give full expression to his feelings upon this head. Francis Kossuth is one of the most influential and patriotic of the political leaders in Hungary at the present time. He was formerly a bridge engineer, but deserted that profession to enter politics at the request of the leaders of the in-

# ILLINOIS STATE NEWS

## MYSTERY IN MURPHY MURDER.

County Attorney Hints at Starting Secret in Litchfield Tragedy.

Was Sylvester Murphy murdered for his money or for some mysterious purpose which the public cannot guess? This is the question agitating the people of Litchfield since the wealthy farmer was fatally shot by some person at present unknown. Murphy was lying on a couch reading. A large iron slug was fired through the window into his body. He ran into the kitchen, where his wife was at work, and expired at her feet. Murphy was prosperous and chary of banks. He always kept large sums of money on his person and in an iron safe in his bedroom. His house was a perfect arsenal, no less than thirteen loaded weapons being found in the rooms after his death. County Attorney L. V. Hill scoffs at the robbery theory which was advanced at first. He says that if the murderer committed his crime for purposes of robbery, he must have been exceedingly desperate and would certainly not have stopped until he had accomplished his purpose.

There was nothing to prevent the robbery of the house after he killed Murphy and Mrs. Murphy had run screaming up the road to the home of the Palmer family. Mr. Hill stated that he had secured from a Litchfield banker information which leads him to believe that he will be able to untangle the mystery and prove one of the most remarkable stories he has ever known of in his experience in criminal practice. Coroner Gray declines to give out the testimony submitted at the inquest and also hints at some startling revelations.

## CANCEL THOUSANDS IN BONDS.

Clerks in Office of State Auditor McCullough Kept Busy.

During the past few days several hundred thousand dollars' worth of bonds have been canceled by the clerks in the office of State Auditor McCullough in Springfield. The cancellations include bonds of townships and counties and drainage districts all over the State. They range in value from \$100 to \$60,000, while the per cents of interest range from 4 1/2 to 7. Among the largest cancellations are the following: Macoupin County, \$60,000 worth at 4 1/2 per cent; city of Quincy, \$40,000 at 4 1/2 and 6 per cent; Green river special drainage district of Bureau and White counties, \$18,500 at 6 per cent; Gallatin County, \$14,000 at 4 per cent; Big lake special drainage district in Jackson County, \$6,000 at 6 per cent; Jefferson County, \$6,000 at 6 per cent; county of Ford, \$15,000 at 5 per cent; township of Santa Anna, De Witt County, \$5,000 at 6 per cent; Belmont township, Platt County, \$6,000 at 6 per cent; county of Salina, \$8,000 at 6 per cent; township of Amboy, Lee County, \$7,000 at 4 per cent; city of Springfield, \$6,200 at 5 per cent; and township of Delavan, Tazewell County, \$3,000 at 6 per cent.

## DEEDS FILED FOR COAL LANDS.

Coal Combine's Transactions in Southern Illinois Put on Record.

Over 200 deeds to real estate, covering much of the transaction of the coal combine in the southern Illinois coal fields have been filed in Jackson, Franklin and Williamson counties. The consideration amounts to more than \$200,000, and extends over a wide area. The thirty-one deeds filed in Jackson County are given to ex-Congressman William S. Pomeroy of East St. Louis, while a few are to Peter Jeffrey of the Consolidated Coal Company. In Williamson County 115 deeds have been filed. The land purchased surrounds the great Leiter deal, and is contiguous to the John W. Gates property. A railroad is building through the land from the Mississippi river, and will probably have for an Eastern terminus either Golconda or Shawneetown.

## WINDS UP A LOAN SOCIETY.

Receiver of the Equitable of Bloomington Pays Last Dividend.

The Equitable, the last of the defunct building and loan associations of Bloomington, was wound up finally the other day when Receiver Barry paid out the last dividend. The stockholders were mailed checks for 9 per cent of their deposits, making a total of 64 per cent, or \$370,554, distributed since the concern failed three years ago. The final order in the federal court will be made some time this month, when the report of the receiver is filed. The Equitable was one of the most noted concerns of the west and had stockholders in all the Middle States. The crash created great hardship. No one looked for such a heavy dividend.

## NEW RAILROAD IS PROPOSED.

Chicago, Illinois and Indiana Company Licensed at Springfield.

Secretary of State Rose may license the incorporation of the Chicago, Illinois and Indiana Railway Company, with a capital stock of \$25,000. The purpose of the corporation is to construct a railroad from Chicago Heights to a northeastern direction to a point in Cook County on the boundary line between Illinois and Indiana, west of Hammond, Ind., and from Chicago Heights to Indiana Harbor, Ind. The incorporators and members of the first board of directors are Jacob Ringer, William Wilharts, A. B. Loner, Andrew J. O'Donnell and William Grady, all of Chicago. The principal office of the company is to be at Chicago.

## BABY EATS STRYCHNINE PILLS.

Enters Sister's Sick Room, Swallows Poison and Dies.

Hedwig, the 2-year-old daughter of William Winters of Kewanee, ate strychnine pills, which the doctor had left for her sister, who is ill with typhoid fever, and died in convulsions half an hour afterward. The baby entered the sick room, and on a table near the bed found a box filled with pills. Before the invalid could prevent it, the tottering child had swallowed the poison. Every effort was made to save the life of the baby.

## Within Our Borders.

The State meeting of the Illinois Christian Missionary Society was held in Jacksonville.

Robbers wrecked the safe in the Fisher postoffice and stole all the stamps and money orders in the place.

Thomas W. Keene, the oldest active Odd Fellow in Illinois, died at his home in Washington, at the age of 80.

Henry Heitman of Manhattan committed suicide by hanging himself in a corn crib. His body was discovered by his wife.

The body of Miss Edith Johnson of Chicago, who committed suicide by drowning herself in the Rock river at Joliet, has been recovered.

Frank Klooster, 14 years old, died at his home in Chicago, as a result of eating muriatic acid while experimenting with chemicals.

Laura Shultz, 17 years old, was killed by the accidental discharge of a rifle in the hands of her brother, 10 years old, at the family home northwest of Kewanee. Three boys, between the ages of 10 and 12 years, derailed the engine of the Omaha limited on the Illinois Central at Rockford, by placing barrel staves on the track.

Frank Hupp, formerly marshal of Mokenza, who resigned recently because his mind was failing, shot himself through the head and died. A year ago he was severely clubbed on the head while making arrests.

In Chicago Victor Roland O'Shea killed his young wife, fired at his mother-in-law, and then sent two bullets through his own chest, inflicting probably fatal wounds. Family and racial differences led to the tragedy.

Russell T. Barry, son of John Barry, steamboat owner, and his three weeks' bride, formerly Louise Pelham, 17-year-old daughter of Laura Dainy Pelham, filed divorce suit in Chicago. Their parents opposed the match.

State Board of Charities in secret session decided to make an effort to have scandal attached to management of the Kankakee asylum dropped from public view, if possible. Report clearing the management of blame was adopted.

Benjamin G. White, a railroad man of Springfield, returned recently from years of wandering to find his first love, Mrs. Alice Chance, in widow's weeds. They decided to marry and, true to his roving disposition, the groom insisted on having the ceremony performed on a train. Accordingly a license was secured and Rev. George Leaning of the Presbyterian Church boarded the Baltimore and Ohio train at Virginia, met the couple and pronounced them man and wife before Jules was reached.

Because of financial difficulties and inability to support a wife Dr. Otto A. Holt, a young dentist of Tower Hill, committed suicide at the Hotel Flint in Pana. He was 23 years old. Dr. Holt was to have been married at noon that day to Miss Eva Ham, daughter of L. S. Ham, superintendent of the Pana public school, and prominent in society. At the appointed hour the bride was ready and the minister waited to perform the ceremony. The bridegroom did not appear. On investigation his body was found in his room at the hotel. He had drunk carbolic acid.

Edward Brown, colored, was shot and fatally wounded in the street at East St. Louis by a number of citizens. Half an hour before that Annie Gates, aged 12, came rushing into a saloon crying that a negro had been chasing her. A number of men started on a search, finally capturing Brown, whom the girl fully identified. He was turned over to a policeman and the patrol wagon summoned. While being driven to the police station Brown jumped out of the wagon and ran. Citizens and officers pursued, firing at the fleeing negro. Two bullets brought him to the ground and he died in a hospital twenty minutes later.

The State commission of contracts has awarded contracts for coal, printing paper, stationery and binding for the next two years. The coal association of Springfield got the coal contract at \$1.22 1/2 against \$1.44 a ton that the State has been paying for the last two years. The following are the successful bidders: Printing State reports, Phillips Bros., Springfield; printing election registers, job printing, stationery and supplies, Illinois Printing Company, Sanville; binding, H. W. Bokker, Springfield; printing and cover papers, Bradner Smith & Co., Chicago; letter heads, Whiting Paper Company, Chicago; lithographing, P. P. Pettibone & Co., Chicago; envelopes, G. W. McFarland, Decatur; coal, Springfield Coal Association.

No. 10, the Big Four fast train known as the World's Fair limited, was wrecked in Matteson, the engine and three coaches heavily loaded with passengers being thrown into the ditch. The derailment was caused by the interlocking switch at the crossing of the Illinois Central and Big Four tracks. The engineer, Nick Robson, escaped uninjured, but the fireman, S. A. Brown, was caught in the cab when the engine turned over and was seriously burned and scalded about the face and head. The Rev. M. O. B. Mason, a colored minister, was seriously injured internally and was unable to continue his journey. An unknown tramp riding on the bumper between the engine and coach was injured about the lower limbs. He may lose both legs. The passengers were all badly shaken up and greatly excited.

A new bank, to be known as the Citizens' National Bank of Paris, has been organized. The capital stock is \$100,000, and each shareholder is limited to \$3,000 worth of stock. The directors are W. H. Dodge, J. D. Hunter, Thomas McFall, Dr. N. P. Smith, Grant Brown, H. O. Boyer, H. W. Augustus and Milton Thomas.

The Commercial Bank at Mowenaqua, including its fine bank building, has been sold to Banker J. Wheeler Brown of Blue Mound. J. R. Fogle of Sullivan and Postmaster James B. Gregory of Mowenaqua.

## TOM REED'S COUSIN A SUICIDE.

Major Brackett of Illinois Troops Ends Life with Revolver.

Maj. William S. Brackett, a cousin of Thomas Brackett Reed, and well known throughout Illinois through his former connection with the National Guard, was found dead in his room at the Hotel Faust in Peoria. There was a bullet wound in his right temple and a revolver was found on the dresser in front of which he had fallen after the shot was fired. Maj. Brackett engaged a room at the Faust the other morning, and retired, saying that he had been traveling all night and was fatigued. He was not seen alive afterward. It is believed by his friends that the act was caused by mental aberration brought on by excessive worry. Maj. Brackett was about 50 years old. He was a native of Rock Island. He was connected with several of the Peoria families through his marriage with Miss Amy Ballance. There is one son, William, Jr., now an army captain serving in the Philippines. After the death of his first wife, he was married to Julia MacGowan of Chicago. They were divorced within a few years after several sensational episodes.

## SEEKS PRESBYTERIAN UNION.

Cumberland Branch of Church Eager to Join Parent Stock.

Action has been taken by the Decatur and Lincoln presbyteries of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church which is expected to result in the reunion of the Cumberland Presbyterian and Presbyterian churches, which separated in 1810. Rev. W. J. Darby of Evansville, Ind., educational secretary of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church, says that the action was the result of the revision of creed by the Presbyteries and he had no doubt the presbyteries of the Cumberland church all over the country would take up the matter and demand an opening of negotiations for a reunion of the churches. The Decatur and Lincoln presbyteries both adopted resolutions declaring that the creed of the Presbyterian Church, as revised, removed all doctrinal differences over which the churches split and there was no reason why they should not reunite.

## ASSAULT RESULTS IN DEATH.

Former Alderman Martin Sexton of Joliet Succumbs to Injuries.

While attempting to separate two half-drunk young men who were quarreling, former Alderman Martin Sexton of Joliet was assaulted and received injuries that resulted in his death. James Symonds, George Kunzman and several others were creating a disturbance when Sexton threatened them with arrest. Symonds hit Sexton in the face, knocking him down, and then, it is claimed, Symonds and Kunzman jumped on the Alderman and commenced pounding him. Bystanders interfered and Sexton got up and walked home. It was not until the following morning that it was found that he was badly injured internally. He was removed to St. Joseph's hospital, where he died. Sexton was prominent in Democratic politics and was engaged in business with his father-in-law, C. Hacker.

## TRADE CHECKS NOT ILLEGAL.

Use of Them Does Not Violate the Counterfeit Laws.

Deputy United States Marshal Swimmer received an opinion at Quincy from United States District Attorney Worthington to the effect that so-called chips or trade checks used by saloons and retailers are not a violation of the counterfeit laws. A recent decision of a Kansas City United States judge ruled to the contrary, and the decision was sent out by the Associated Press. On the strength of this the deputy marshal submitted the matter to Marshal Hitch, who in turn sent it to the attorney. The letter to Mr. Swimmer says that after consulting the statutes and decisions and a conference with Judge Humphrey it is decided that trade checks are not illegal, and the users cannot be prosecuted.

## SEEKS TO ESCAPE LYNCHING.

Laborer Surrenders After Fatally Injuring Fellow Workman.

For fear of being lynched, Albert Coleman, colored, surrendered to Sheriff Rogers at Murphysboro, after striking Jack Matthews, a white workman, with a shovel and fatally injuring him. Both were employed under Foreman Bridges with an extra Illinois Central crew, laying steel. Coleman says he struck Matthews in self-defense and at the time Matthews was trying to hit him. Others say Coleman was not justified in striking Matthews.

## HID FORTUNE IN THE PUMP.

Hoarded Gold Pieces Left by Woman Amounting to \$2,500 Found.

Workmen repairing an old pump on a farm near Osprey found it impossible to draw water because of a defect in the cylinder. Thereupon that part of the pump was removed, and was found to be packed solidly with gold pieces amounting to \$2,500. The money is supposed to have been hoarded by Mrs. John Stall, who died on the farm a few weeks ago.

## Drinks and Eats Much on Wager.

At Alto Pass Charlie Arnold, a 15-year-old school boy, drank three quarts of water and one bottle of soda water and ate five large apples on a wager. He is still alive.

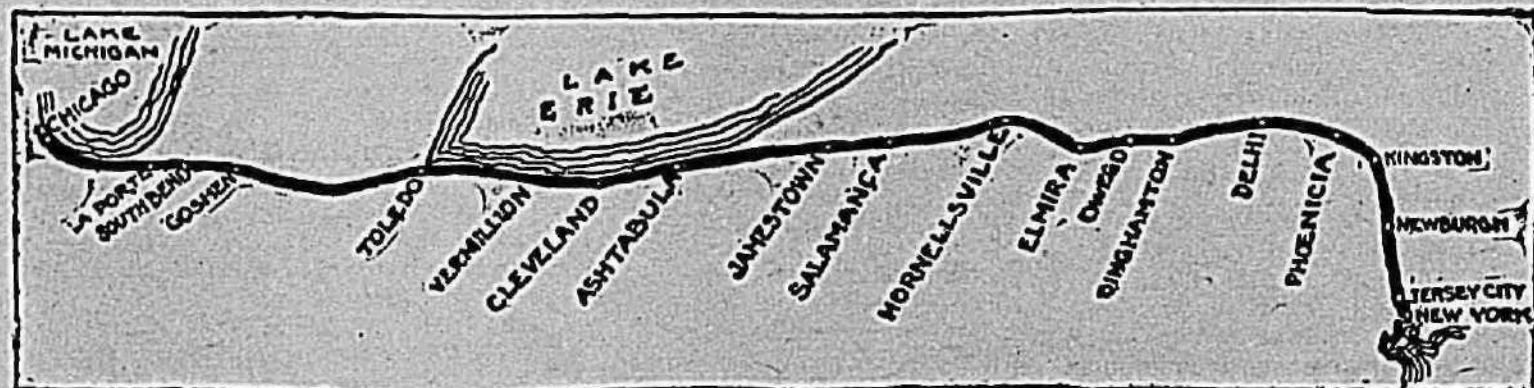
## Waukegan to Have New Sewer.

The Waukegan council has ordered the construction of an extensive sewer system to drain the south part of the city, which is thickly settled. It will cost about \$30,000 and will empty into Lake Michigan.

## New Bank at Hamilton.

Auditor McCullough has issued a permit to W. J. Ash, James P. Guthrie, Henry Harrison and H. G. Williams to organize the People's State Bank of Hamilton, at Hamilton. The new concern is to be capitalized at \$25,000.

## ROUTE FOR PROPOSED HIGHWAY CONNECTING CHICAGO AND NEW YORK CITY.



William L. Dickinson of Springfield, Mass., has made a trip from New York to Chicago in an automobile, inspecting a route for a proposed highway between the two cities. The road leads through Elmira, Ashabula, Cleveland, Toledo and South Bend, as shown in the above cut. Mr. Dickinson is treasurer of the New York and Chicago Road Association, which was organized to secure the construction of the highway. Lee O. Boardman, second vice-president of the association, accompanied him. They expect to make a report that will show the desirability of the construction of the road.

Methodist Episcopal Church, at which Mr. McKinley was a regular attendant. Secretaries Hitchcock and Wilson occupied Senator Fairbanks' pew, while near them was District Commissioner MacFarland and George B. Costeloyou.

An eloquent and impressive sermon was delivered by the pastor of the church, the Rev. Frank M. Bristol. In St. Patrick's Church, at 11 o'clock mass, the Rev. Father Dolan, the assistant pastor, preached a sermon on the character of McKinley and the lessons taught by his death. Prayers were then offered for the repose of President McKinley's soul. This ceremony by direction of Cardinal Gibbons was observed in all the Catholic churches in Washington.

In New York the anniversary was specially observed in a large number of the churches of the city, while it was referred to by the pastors of almost all the others. Fifteen thousand persons gathered around the band stand at the mall in Central Park in the afternoon to listen to a memorial concert by a regimental band. In Brooklyn and in all the suburbs as well as in the neighboring towns and villages of New Jersey, the day was observed in all the churches.

In Columbus, Ohio, memorial addresses were delivered by Gov. Nash at Third Avenue Methodist Episcopal Church, Congressman Grosvenor at Broad Street Methodist Episcopal Church, and Senator Warner of Cleveland at Eastwood Congregational Church.

All of the St. Paul, Minn., churches held special memorial services. At the Catholic churches the services were held after the celebration of the morning mass, while many of the Protestant churches held their memorials in the evening.

vorities, were the principal hymns sung. St. Louis, Kansas City, St. Joseph, Springfield and other cities in Missouri held special services.

#### FIRST KILLING FROST.

Crops Damaged in Many Places Throughout the West.

Dispatches from a score or more points tell of killing frosts in the Northwest Thursday night. The mercury fell to 24 degrees in many places. Late corn in northern Iowa and South Dakota is badly damaged. Flax and all uncut crops in North Dakota suffered. Minnesota points report damage to all vegetation not matured. Much of the corn in the Northwest was out of the way. Late stuff will now be cut and fed as fodder.

Twenty-six degrees was the mark registered by the thermometer at the Omaha weather bureau Friday morning, where frost was reported throughout the State. It is believed that the corn crop generally is beyond the danger point, although in the valleys there still remains part of the crop which will be somewhat damaged. Ice formed at Kearney, and late garden truck was killed.

The temperature dropped to 24 degrees at Watertown. Late corn and all other vegetation was killed. The largest part of the corn crop is believed to have been out of danger.

There was a killing frost all along the eastern slope of the mountains in Colorado except the southern corner. The thermometer registered 30 degrees at the weather bureau in Denver. With one exception, twenty years ago, it was the coldest September day of which there is any record. In Weldy County, embracing the famous potato district, the mercury touched 24.

dependent party. He said that he is used to being treated as the son of his father and is reverently grateful for all such marks of esteem, especially from the wholehearted people of the United States.

#### Interesting News Items.

A second natural gas well has been drilled at Eureka, Kan. Gas was struck at a depth of 890 feet.

The steamer Brunswick arrived at San Francisco recently with 22,243 seal skins, valued at \$300,000, on board.

The torpedo boat destroyer Barry, which had her official standardizing trial off Solomon's Island, Mass., made 28.12 knots.

Fire damaged to the extent of \$100,000 the plant of the Alice Consolidated Gold and Silver Mining Company near Butte, Mont.

Anzella trotted two slow heats in the Charter Oak \$10,000 event at Hartford, Conn., and then went in and won in three straight heats.

Fire in the business section of Livingston, Texas, destroyed twenty buildings, causing a loss of \$135,000 with only 80 per cent of insurance.

A threatened strike of the butchers employed in the Chicago packing houses was averted by the interested parties reaching a tentative agreement.

As a result of a disagreement over alleged mistreatment of his mother, Tom Brownlee, aged 17, shot and killed his stepfather, Justice of the Peace Tucker, at Merkle, Texas.

The Associated Press has received a letter from Gen. Anderson in which he denied the published reports that while in Manila he spoke disrespectfully of Admiral Dewey, or that he ever belittled the admiral's victory on Manila bay.



**BANK OF ANTIOCH**  
EDWARD BROOK,  
BANKER  
Buy and Sell Exchange, and do a General  
Banking Business.

**WISCONSIN CENTRAL  
RAILWAY CO.**  
Antioch Station 55 Miles North of Chicago  
TIME CARD—Antioch Station.

**GOING NORTH**  
At Chicago: 8:55 AM—No. 6, Daily ex Sunday 10:35 AM  
1:30 PM—No. 7, Daily ex Sunday 3:15 PM  
4:00 PM—No. 10, Daily ex Sunday 5:50 PM  
8:30 PM—No. 9, Daily ex Sunday 8:37 PM  
Sunday Special 10:40 AM

**GOING SOUTH**  
At Chicago: 6:50 AM—No. 14, Daily 10:30 AM  
7:02 AM—No. 10, Daily ex Sunday 8:45 AM  
11:57 AM—No. 8, Daily ex Sunday 1:45 PM  
4:20 PM—No. 6, Daily ex Sunday 6:15 PM  
6:35 PM—No. 9, Daily ex Sunday 8:40 PM  
9:35 PM—No. 14, Daily 10:55 PM  
W. F. ZIEGLER, Agent, Antioch.

**LOTUS CAMP**, No. 537 M. W. A. meets at 730 the first and third Monday evening of every month, in Woodmen hall, Antioch, Illinois. Visiting Neighbors always welcome. W. R. WILLIAMS, Y. C. C. M. CONFER, Clerk.

**SEQUIOIA LODGE**, No. 87, A. F. & A. M., holds regular communications the first and third Wednesday evenings of every month. Visiting Brethren always welcome. L. M. HUGHES, Sec. E. L. SIMONS, W. M.

**Indian Carrie Nation.**  
A Comanche Indian named Ne-te-ya-ka has started a sort of Mrs. Carrie Nation crusade in southwest Oklahoma. Until recently he has been a common, every day Indian, but about a month ago he developed into a temperance reformer, and his exhortation to the men and women of his tribe has caused a great stir. He has shadowed bibulous Indians in Lawton, and has a long list of names of men who sold liquor to them, which he has sent to United States Attorney Horace Speed. He has already caused the arrest of C. L. Estes, who runs a saloon at Cache, and has sufficient evidence against him to convict. The penalty for selling liquor to Indians is very severe.

**Fortune Favors a Texan.**  
"Having distressing pains in head, back and stomach, and being without appetite, I began to use Dr. King's New Life Pills," writes W. P. Whitehead, of Kennedale, Texas, and soon felt like a new man. Infallible in stomach and liver troubles. Only 25 cents at W. T. Hill's drug store.

**New Automobile Danger.**  
While two Prussian engineers named Hilbert and Buschitz were driving the other day in a motor car to Derdaska and Drenkova, from Budapest, they were overtaken by a thunderstorm. The lightning struck the benzine reservoir of the car. Buschitz was killed by the explosion and Hilbert seriously injured.

**\$5.50 To Cleveland and Return \$5.50.**  
On September 26 and 27, via Nickel Plate Road. Return limit of October 23 may be obtained by depositing tickets in Cleveland. Three trains daily, with vestibuled sleeping cars. American Club Meals ranging in price from 35c. to \$1.00 in dining cars. Also meals a la carte. City Ticket Office, Chicago; 111 Adams St. For detailed information address John Y. Calahan, General Agent, 113 Adams St. 1w4

**Wealth of Russell Sage.**  
Russell Sage, started with nothing and now at 86 his wealth is estimated at \$75,000,000. And he is likely to increase it enough to make up the average gain for his life time \$1,000,000 a year, if he lives a few years more.

**A Sad Disappointment.**  
Ineffective liver medicine is a disappointment, but if you don't want to purge, strain and break the glands of the stomach and bowels. DeWitt's Little Early Risers never disappoint. They cleanse the system of all poison and putrid matter and do it so gently that one enjoys the pleasant effects. They are a tonic to the liver. Cure biliousness, torpid liver and prevent fever. W. T. Hill.

**King Alfonso Observant.**  
The young king of Spain may be troublesome to those nearest him, but he is evidently not lacking in keenness. One hundred years ago, he says, news was carried across Spain in one day; now, with the telegraph, it takes two days. A king who observes defects can most likely find a way to remedy them.

**Senator Pettus in Good Health.**  
Senator Pettus of Alabama, who is 82 years old, has been enjoying his vacation in Mobile and has astonished every one by his sprightliness. He claims to be good for many years' public service and unless appearances are deceitful his claim is well based.

**Lingering Summer Colds.**  
Don't let a cold run at this season. Summer colds are the hardest kind to cure and if neglected may linger along for months. A long seige like this will pull down the strongest constitution. One Minute Cough Cure will break up the attack at once. Safe, sure, acts at once. Cures coughs, colds, bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles. The children like it. W. T. Hill.

## Black Hair

"I have used your Hair Vigor for five years and am greatly pleased with it. It certainly restores the original color to gray hair. It keeps my hair soft."—Mrs. Helen Kilkenny, New Portland, Me.

Ayer's Hair Vigor has been restoring color to gray hair for fifty years, and it never fails to do this work, either.

You can rely upon it for stopping your hair from falling, for keeping your scalp clean, and for making your hair grow.

\$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.  
If your druggist cannot supply you, send us one dollar and we will express you a bottle. Be sure and give the name of your nearest express office. Address, J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

**Indian Divorce.**  
The first Indian divorce granted in Oklahoma has been granted Spah-Pah-Bear in Pawnee county by Judge T. B. Halner. Spah-Pah-Bear, who is nearly 80 and partially blind, accused his squaw of infidelity, abandonment and neglect of duty. The suit was conducted in the Pawnee language, Jas. R. Murie, a Carlisle Indian, acting as interpreter for the court.

**\$19.00 Boston and Return 19.00**  
via Nickel Plate Road, Oct. 7th to 11th inclusive, good returning until Nov. 12th by depositing tickets at Boston and paying fee of 50c. Three trains daily, carrying through vestibuled sleeping cars. Individual Club Meals, ranging in price from 35c to \$1.00, served in dining cars on Nickel Plate Road; also meals a la carte. City Ticket office 111 Adams St., Chicago. Full information can be secured from John Y. Calahan, General Agent, 113 Adams St., Chicago. 2w5

**Extensive Advertising.**  
No street in the world can boast of so many advertisements as Broadway, New York. The combined length of the two sides of Broadway is 52,800 feet. The amount of advertising on the buildings and in shop windows is such that it would take a man, between eight and ten days of eight hours each to read his way up one side and down the other.

**Not Doomed For Life.**  
"I was treated for three years by good doctors," writes W. A. Greer, McConnellsvill, O., "for piles and fistula, but when all failed, Bucklin's Arnica Salve cured me in two weeks." Cures burns, bruises, cuts, corns, sores, eruptions, salt rheum, piles or no pay. 25 cts., at W. T. Hill's drug store.

**Little Opinion of Lawyers.**  
When Peter the Great was shown the law courts in London he asked: "Are these men all lawyers?" Being told that they were, he inquired: "What can be the use of so many lawyers?" And then he added, pensively: "I have but two lawyers in my empire and I mean to hang one of them as soon as I get back!"

**Take Care of the Stomach.**  
The man or woman whose digestion is perfect and whose stomach performs its every function is never sick. Kodol cleanses, purifies and sweetens the stomach and cures positively and permanently all stomach troubles, indigestion and dyspepsia. It is a wonderful reconstructive tonic that is making so many sick people well and weak people strong by conveying to their bodies all of the nourishment in the food they eat. Rev. J. H. Holladay, of Holladay, Miss., writes: Kodol has cured me. I consider it the best remedy I ever used for dyspepsia and stomach troubles. I was given up by physicians. Kodol saved my life. Take it after meals. W. T. Hill.

**Hugo's Self-Appreciation.**  
Victor Hugo had a very exalted opinion of himself. One of his intimates called on him once and found him walking in his garden, apparently thinking deeply. The visitor asked the great French poet what he was meditating upon. "I was wondering," replied the poet, "what I should say to the Creator when I met him. Can you imagine what I would say?" "Yes," answered the poet's friend, "you would say, 'My dear confrere.'"

**Another Bunker Hill Fight.**  
There is trouble on Bunker Hill once more, not of the variety which first made the place famous, but because there is a dispute as to the ownership of the monument which was dedicated with such imposing ceremonies.

**Much Treasure Still in Pompeii.**  
At the present ratio of progress, seventy years will elapse before Pompeii is entirely uncovered. It is thought that as much of treasure remains as has been exhumed.

**Try Orday Plasters.**  
For rheumatism, pain in the back or side, pneumonia, kidney and heart disease, liver complaint and all kindred diseases. These plasters are formulated for different ailments. Also corn plasters; a sure cure, six for 10 cents. Foot plasters, for cold feet, 20 cents. Agents and canvassers wanted. For particulars address Mrs. J. S. Sutton, General Agent for Lake Co., Antioch, Ill.

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**How Adam Would Act Now.**  
"I see," said Brother Dickey, "dat one er de preachers is in trouble 'bout de sarprint what tempted Eve. Now, dat's mighty fur back to go huntin' fer trouble, but I reckon Adam must feel lak reachin' over an' shakin' han's wid 'im. De preacher I'm talkin' 'bout don't b'lieve in de snake story, but lay de blame on de man. Adam can't help hisse'f now, en hit looks on-fair ter be naggin' at 'im dataway. I feels so sorry for 'im sometimes dat I almos wish I wuzn't related ter 'im! But I'll bet you on one proposition."

**What's that?**  
"Ef Adam had ter be made over, ez wuz livin' in his day en time, he wouldn't be so free wid sparreris."—Atlanta Constitution.

**His Life Saved by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.**  
"B. L. Byer, a well known cooper of this town, says he believes Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy saved his life last summer. He had been sick for a month, with what doctors call bilious dysentery, and could get nothing to do him any good until he tried this remedy. It gave him immediate relief," says B. T. Little, merchant, Hancock, Md. For sale by all druggists.

**Market for Our Sweet Potatoes.**  
James J. Davidson of Swedesboro, N. J., recently shipped three barrels of sweet potatoes to London. One barrel was packed in fine sawdust, another in coarse sawdust, and the third in tissue paper, the same as oranges are packed. All in good condition, but those packed in coarse sawdust were in prime shape. Englishmen will eventually have Gloucester county "sweets" as a regular side dish with American beef and mutton.

**One Fare For Round Trip**  
or \$8.50 to Cleveland, O., and return, via Nickel Plate Road, September 26 and 27, with extended return limit of Oct. 23 by depositing tickets in Cleveland. First class equipment and service. Three daily trains. Chicago Passenger Station, Harrison St. and 5th Ave. Write John Y. Calahan, General Agent, 113 Adams St., Chicago, for particulars. 1w4

**Family Expenses.**  
A statistician has discovered that fifty-three per cent of the income of a normal family goes for food. In abnormal, or wealthy, families automobiles, European trips and steam yachts absorb more than half the annual outlay.

**Bible Free From Disease Germs.**  
A Bible with celluloid covers has been introduced in a New York police court and every time the Book is kissed a policeman removes with a wet sponge all possible disease germs.

**Wise Conclusion.**  
"Whenever a man gibe me a whole lot o' advice," said Uncle Eben, "I can't help s'picionin' dat if his opinions was so valuable he'd be busy somewha' else countin' money."—Washington Star.

**A Person's Noble Act.**  
"I want all the world to know," writes Rev. C. J. Budlong, of Ashaway, R. I., "what a thoroughly good and reliable medicine I found in Electric Bitters. They cured me of jaundice and liver troubles that had caused me great suffering for a great many years. For a genuine, all-round cure they excel anything I ever saw." Electric Bitters are the surprise of all for their wonderful work in liver, kidney and stomach troubles. Don't fail to try them. Only 50 cents. Satisfaction is guaranteed by W. T. Hill.

**Sure Cure for Hiccoughs.**  
It is claimed that a sure cure for hiccoughs is to inhale as much air as the lungs will hold and retain it as long as possible. If one inhalation is not sufficient, repeat the process.

**The Proper Treatment for a Sprained Ankle.**  
As a rule a man will feel well satisfied if he can hobble around on crutches two or three weeks after spraining his ankle, and it is usually two or three months before he is fully recovered. This is an unnecessary loss of time, for in many cases in which Chamberlain's Pain Balm has been promptly and freely applied, a complete cure has been effected in less than one week's time, and in some cases within three days. For sale by all druggists.

**An Inhabited Mine.**  
There is a quicksilver mine in Peru 170 fathoms in circumference and 480 feet deep. In this profound abyss are streets, squares and a chapel where religious worship is held.

**Cures Blood Poison, Cancer, Ulcers.**  
If you have offensive pimples, or eruptions, ulcers on any part of the body, aching bones or joints, falling hair, mucous patches, swollen glands, skin itches and burns, sore lips or gums, eating, festering sores, sharp gnawing pains, then you suffer from serious blood poison or the beginning of deadly cancer. You may be permanently cured by taking Botanic Blood Balm (B. B. B.) made especially to cure the worst blood and skin diseases. Heals every sore, or ulcer, ever deadly cancer; stops all aches and pains and reduces all swellings. Botanic Blood Balm cures all malignant troubles such as eczema, scabs and scales, pimples, running sores, carbuncles, scrofula. Druggists, \$1. To prove it cure, sample of Blood Balm sent free and prepaid by writing Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble and free medical advice sent in sealed letter. No3-48y1

**Beware of the Knife.**  
No profession has advanced more rapidly of late than surgery, but it should not be used except where absolutely necessary. In cases of piles for example, it is seldom needed. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cures quickly and permanently. Unequaled for cuts, burns, bruises, wounds and skin diseases. Accept no counterfeits. I was so troubled with bleeding piles that I lost much blood and strength, says J. C. Phillips, Paris, Ill. DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve cured me in a short time. Sooth and heals. W. T. Hill.

**A Coveted School Award.**  
In certain Russian schools the highest reward given is the initial letter of the empress's name. It consists of the initial in solid gold, an inch and a quarter in height, on a blue bow, which entitles the holder to a higher salary than could otherwise be obtained.

**One Fare For the Round Trip**  
to Boston and return, via Nickel Plate Road, October 7th to 11th, account of meeting of Brotherhood of St. Andrews. By depositing tickets at Boston and paying fee of 50c., extended return limit of November 12th may be obtained. Through vestibuled sleeping cars and first class service in every respect. Cheap rates to all new England Points. Write John Y. Calahan, 113 Adams St., Chicago, for particulars. 2w5

**Died for Her Baby Brother.**  
One of the touching stories of the season comes from a little town in northern Wisconsin, where a 6-year-old child died for her baby brother. The baby had been left in the yard, sleeping in its buggy, and the sister had been asked to go out and see to him. There the little girl saw a big rattlesnake coiled at the feet of the infant, and, realizing the danger, seized a broom and tried to kill the reptile. The snake, disturbed, darted at the little girl, coiled around the handle of the broom, and slipped down it, striking its fangs into the child's neck. The infant boy was untouched, but the motherly baby sister died in great agony.

**A Light Sentence.**  
A gentleman now living in this city tells the following story of a negro in Tennessee whose son had been convicted of killing a fellow-workman. A few days after the trial the father was asked what disposition had been made of the case.

"Oh," he answered, "dey done send Johnson to jail for a month."  
"That's a light sentence for killing a man, don't you think?"  
"Yes," answered the darky, "but at de end of de month dey done goin' to hang 'im."

**Declines Mission to America.**  
Charles D. Bourcart, Swiss minister to Great Britain, declines to accept a transfer to the United States. He has been thrice offered the change.

**Pictures as Educating Influences.**  
There are the unimaginative, unemotional, matter-of-fact children, by no means lacking in intelligence, to whom pictures are simply more or less comprehensible imitations of objects which they never see, but about which they hear, says Municipal Affairs. Pictures increase the wealth of their minds by adding to them new mental images of things which were before represented only by meaningless words. A child's horizon widens when he can conceive, even indistinctly, of the bodily appearance of a waterfall, a farming scene, an historical character or an ancient costume or city.

**Different Social Customs.**  
A recent writer says: "The Chinaman bends to the very ground when he salutes; the Russian, farther west, takes off his hat and scrapes with it his very path; in Prussian Konigsberg—always farther west—the passersby salute each other by taking off their hats or caps very low; in Berlin the head covering is raised but little; in Paris still less, in London not at all or with a difference. The American keeps his hat on immovably and rovers bonds, but all civilized nations, of course, take off their hats to the ladies."

**A Boy's Wild Ride For Life.**  
With a family around expecting him to die, and a son riding for his life, 18 miles, to get Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, W. H. Brown, of Leesville, Ind., endured death agonies from asthma, but this wonderful medicine gave instant relief and soon cured him. He writes: "I now sleep soundly every night." Like marvelous cures of consumption, pneumonia, bronchitis, coughs and colds and grip prove its matchless merit for all throat and lung troubles. Guaranteed bottles 50 cents and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at W. T. Hill's drug store.

**Traveling Four Years to Buy Snuff.**  
The East Greenlanders journey around to West Greenland to get snuff, and will consume four years in a single excursion there and back, often, according to Nansen, remaining no longer than an hour at the trading station before taking up their homeward march.

**The Dangers of a Burn.**  
An extensive burn, though superficial throughout, is a deadly accident. Death within forty-eight hours is highly probable if two-thirds of the surface of the body be involved, even though the burn has locally produced little more than an erythema (redness).